PATENT

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re application of

Docket No.: 52290

Gianfranco MERIZZI

Appln. No.: 10/589,469

Group Art Unit: 1617

Confirmation No.: 7234 Examiner: Zarek, Paul E.

Filed: August 14, 2006

For: USE OF N-PIPERIDINE DERIVATIVES FOR THE TREATMENT OF NEURODEGENERATIVE

PATHOLOGIES

DECLARATION UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.132

Commissioner for Patents P.O. BOX 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Sir:

I, Dr. Moreno Paolini, hereby declare as follows.

I am full professor of Pharmacology and Toxicology at the University of Bologna, my research focuses on xenobiotic metabolism – at the genotype and phenotype level – and on the mechanism of oxidative protection of biological systems; a list of my publications (184 full papers, 65 short communications, 174 abstracts, 44 others in national journals) is available from the website www.unibo.it/docenti/moreno.paolini.

I am acting as scientific advisor for Medestea Internazionale S.r.I., co-applicant of WO2005/084677 from which the above-identified US application derives and I am familiar with the content of said US application.

I am also familiar with the rejection of the presently pending claims of the above-identified US application under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Paolini and Pedulli, in view of Ito et al., Floyd et al. and Atlas et al..

I am also familiar with the rejection under 35 U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph, based on lack of an enabling disclosure.

I am co-inventor of the US patent, 5,981,548, cited as the primary reference in the rejection under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) and I am therefore fully familiar with its disclosure.

In US 5,981,548, Dr. Pedulli and the Undersigned have disclosed the oxygen radical scavenger activity of the cyclic hydroxylamines of Formula (1) of the present invention; however, the description of US 5,981,548 does not provide any test or evidence which may suggest the utility of said compounds for the therapeutical treatment of neurodegenerative diseases. In fact, the disclosure of US 5,981,548 only refers to said compounds as pharmacological agents to be selected "to capture the oxygen-free radicals which are associated to a number of different human pathologies, such as phlogistic processes, alcoholic hepatopathy, liver transplants, metabolic sicknesses, alterations in lipoproteins, lung pathologies, hematologic disorders, glomerule pathology, spermatozoa pathology, coronary atherosclerosis, hyperbaric damages affecting the central nervous system, radiation damages, DNA damages by genotoxines, oxidative polymorphisms, inductive status, etc." (column 6, lines 32-41).

The quoted passage does not disclose the utility of the compounds for the therapeutical treatment of said pathologies and this is further confirmed by the description (column 6, lines 43-46) which discloses "the use of the above-mentioned compound for preparing a pharmaceutical composition for treating symptoms due to excess of production of superoxide radicals" (emphasis added).

The description of US '548 provides no disclosure or suggestion to a person of ordinary skill in the art for the use of said compounds for the therapeutical treatments of neurodegenerative diseases or the treatment or inhibition of the symptoms of Parkinson's disease or ischemia/reperfusion injury.

On the other hand, it is my opinion that the disclosure of the specification of the above-captioned patent application provides evidence which would be considered by the person of ordinary skill in the art as enabling for the treatment of a neurodegenerative disease and for the treatment or inhibition of symptoms of Parkinson's disease and the symptoms of ischemia/reperfusion injury.

On the basis of said disclosure, further additional tests have been carried out, under my supervision as scientific advisor, which have confirmed the utility of the compound bis(1-hydroxy-2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl)decandioate, therein identified as IACVITA or IAC, for the therapeutical treatment of neurodegenerative diseases and other diseases mentioned by the claims of the above-identified application.

With specific reference to neurodegenerative diseases, I enclose herewith:

- <u>Exhibit 1.</u> A presentation reporting a summary of preclinical data on Alzheimer disease, carried out by the company Cerebricon on behalf of Medestea: The tests relate to the effect of IAC-VITA on neurite outgrowth in vitro, and to the effect of IACVITA treatment on single transgenic mouse model of Alzheimer disease. The data confirm the excellent activity of IACVITA in contrasting neurobehavioral deficits linked with the progression of Alzheimer disease.
- <u>Exhibit 2.</u> A presentation providing a summary of preclinical data on stroke and brain ischemia including:
 - a study on the protective effect of IAC on bilateral common carotidal artery occlusion (BCCO) post-ischemic brain damage in Mongolian gerbils, carried out by the Faculty of Pharmacy of the University of Catanzaro on behalf of Medestea;
 - a study on the effect of i.p.IAC treatment on infarct volume and sensory-motor behaviour in tMCAO rats, carried out by the company Cerebricon on behalf of Medestea;
 - a study on the effect of i.v.IAC treatment on infarct volume and sensory-motor behaviour in tMCAO rats, carried out by Cerebricon;
 - a study on the effect of i.v.IAC treatment on infarct volume in tMCAO mice, carried out by Cerebricon;
 - a study on the effect of the late i.v.IAC treatment on infarct volume in tMCAO rats carried out by Cerebricon; and
 - a study on stroke prevention with IAC in Dahl salt-sensitive rats.

With specific reference to the pathologies claimed in presently pending claim 6 of the above-identified application, I enclose herewith:

- <u>Exhibit 3.</u> a presentation providing the results of a study on the *in vivo* and *in vitro* IAC activity on diabetes models, carried out by the Department of Endocrinology and Metabolism of the University of Pisa;
- <u>Exhibit 4.</u> a presentation providing the results of a study on the protective effect of IAC on balloon injury related neointima formation, carried out by the Faculty of Pharmacy of the University of Catanzaro;
- <u>Exhibit 5.</u> a presentation providing the results of a study on the protective effect of IAC on cardiac ischemia: ischemia reperfusion in the isolated perfused Langerdorff heart, carried out by the Faculty of Pharmacy of the University of Catanzaro;

Exhibit 6. a presentation providing the results of a study on the effects of IAC on myocar-

dial ischemia and reperfusion on rats, carried out by Pharma Hungary;

Exhibit 7. a presentation providing the results of a study on the anti-hypertensive activity of

IAC, carried out by the Faculty of Pharmacy of the University of Catanzaro;

Exhibit 8. a presentation providing the result of a study on the effects of IAC on in vivo oral

mucositis induced by acute radiation in Hamsters, carried out by Biomodels LLC and Affiliates;

Exhibit 9. a presentation relating to the effects of IAC on an in vivo sepsis induction in rat

models, carried out by Eurofins-Product Safety Laboratories.

The data presented in Exhibits 1-9 and the present specification demonstrate that one

skilled in the art would have a reasonable expectation of success in treating a neurodegenerative

disease and the treatment or inhibition of the symptoms of Parkinson's disease or ische-

mia/reperfusion injury, as well as in the treatment of the specific pathologies listed in claim 6.

I declare further that all statements made herein on my own knowledge are true and that all

statements made, on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these state-

ments were made with the knowledge that wilful false statements and the like so made are punish-

able by fine or imprisonment, both, under section 1001 Title 18 of the United States Code, and that

such wilful false statements may jeopardise the validity of the application or any patent issued

thereon.

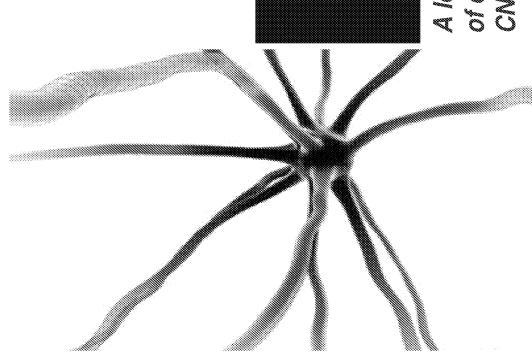
Date: February 25, 2010

Encl.:

- presentations of studies



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Cerebricon

A leader in the non-clinical screening of drug candidates against CNS disease targets.

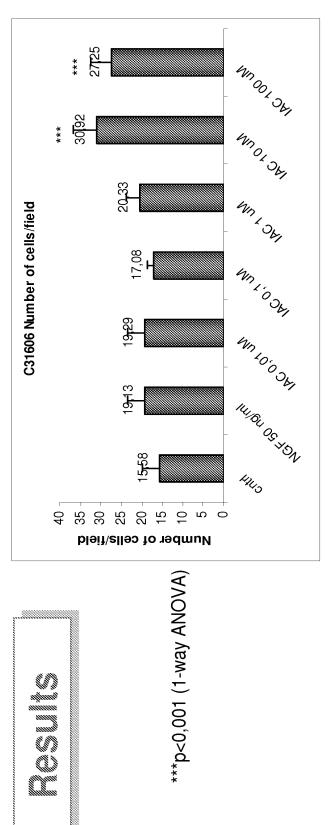




- E18 Wistar rat embryos mixed cortical colls

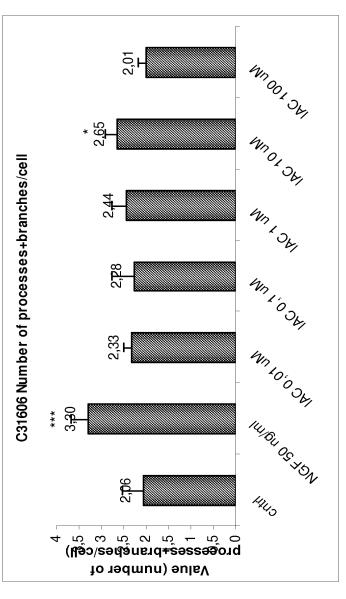
- THE WINDER TOUR STORES OF THE PROPERTY OF THE
- Evaluation of neurite outgrowth

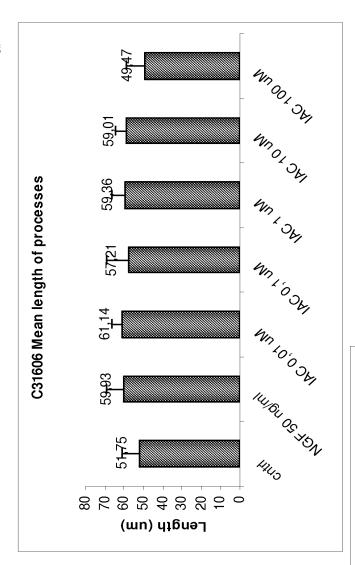




*p<0.05 and ***p<0,001 (1-way ANOVA)







*p<0.05, **p<0.01 and ***p<0.001 (1-way ANOVA)

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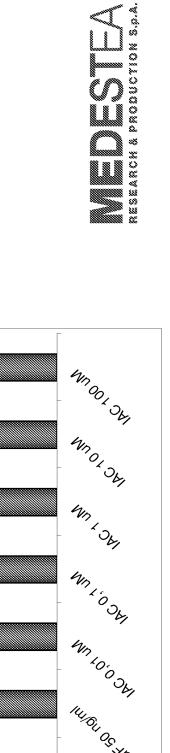
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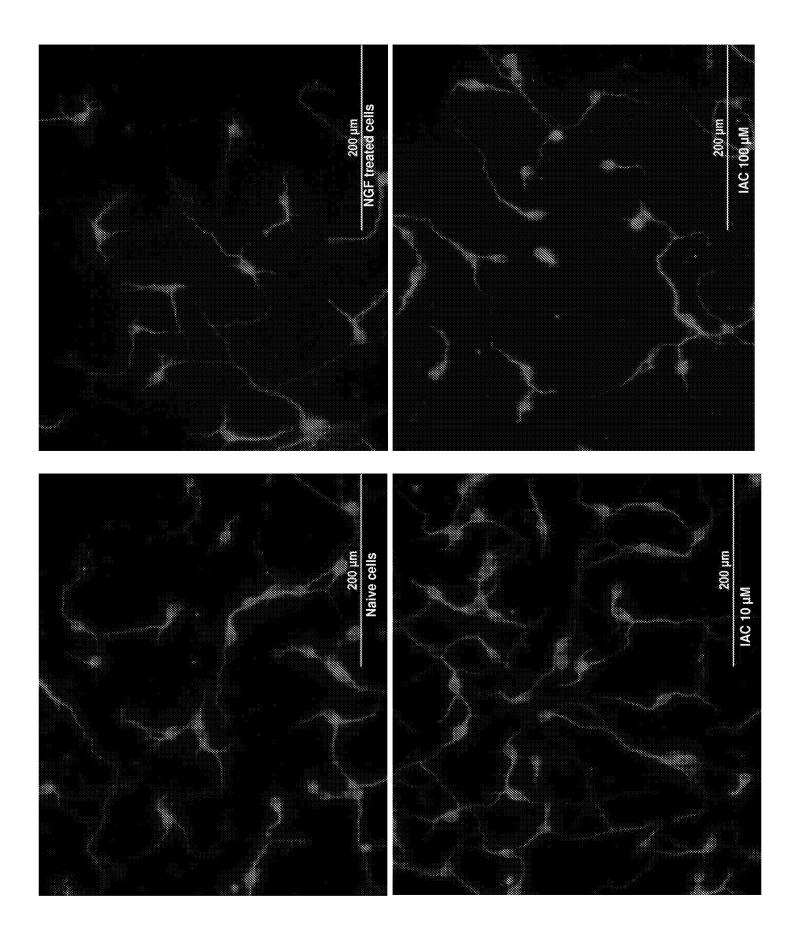
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- To at to any also able to significanty increase the The same of the sa
- obase cell death occuring in mixed coticel relices, inclase Tose esuis suggest that NO is able to provent the early



CEREBRIC®N



*N. E. VARTIAINEN¹, A. SOLETI², M. PAOLINI³, F. RICCĂRDINO², A. ARMANDO², J. YRJÄNHEIKKI¹, R.I. GRUNDY¹; ¹Cerebricon Ltd, Kuopio, Finland; ²Medestea Res., Torino, Italy; ³Univ.of Bologna, Bologna, Italy

AC is a ree radical scarenger which interacts with most (if not all) carbon, nitrogen-and oxygen-scaring radicals of hoogies interact inchanging body, superacious, and percoyntrine arbatis. Furthermore, thanks to list peculiar physical-charmizal properties, AC is easily distributed in their restallular and interactional control of their personal person

fateriais & Methods

Neurite Outgrowth Assay

- The cortical mixed cultures were prograded from E18 Wister rat embryos Afrier the think that adharshed the well, E5QL installmen was adeal to the wells Equil to the wells Equil to the after planty in medium was changed to install medium containing IACs at 00 1100 MM. W Mouses never goowth fearch (NGF, 50 ng/ml) was used as a positive control. After 2 days in who, the oals were formal deby de-fixed and processed for immunosychod-mistry.
- * The old toes were been define 46% transledsych in 0.0 th PBS for 50 min and washed ones with PBS Reboth enrich48? (Eithfoor 1.000 Chemican, in blooking building value of the self-was enrichability with the primary antibody. The self-was enrichability with the primary antibody for 40 his and 47%, washed with PBS, and forested with responsable with separate and the part of the part of

- The ordical glid outlace were proposal term netkom Witter and rigor. Calls were plated on The Ordical all others leake, in NEM supplemented with Call Molamma, Q, plittle going ratemarks, and 10 % heaf instructional risid bowns serum (FSSH). Man? I day, the medium was content. Man if a day, the medium was content. Man if a day, the medium was content. Man if a day, which is the ordic was content. Man if and on the service is made in was continued to the ordical service in the or
- wells 30 min before adding 1 µg/ml (final concentration) LPS for
 - mination was performed according to the Griess method.. The
- absorbance was measured at 540 nm.

 * Determination of inflammatory mediators IL-18 and TNF-α were performed according to the manufacturer's instructions. Both ELISA kits were purchased from R&D

- MCat 10 and 100 µM significantly decreased the sarky-phase oal death.
 NGE 10 pull, used as a point extra for northe outgrowth, significantly increased the number of neutries and neutral between set real.
 NGC at 10 µM was also able to significantly increase the number of neutries and neutries.
- branches

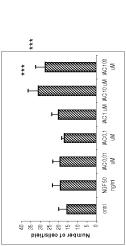
 Volf and Mod at 10 µM resulted in significant increase in total neutrile length per field
 Innatigial obtaines

 Leff-chooled production was decreased by MC at 1 mM.

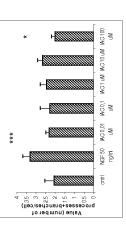
 1.1. Is production was significantly increased with 100 µM MC.

 1.1. The production was significantly inhibited by MC at concentrations as low as 1 micro M.

This study chows that MCI seak be to pewant in earlychase a older hocurtroil in mised voicing autors; pewarte MCI seak be to pewant in earlychase a lost sea seal in novates the lotal resurts length in control haucros in who Further, MCI is able to module the inflammatory readon moses by U.S.F. in These data suggest that MCI data for minight embedrations of askinn delevation to the processes involved in neuroogeneration.



inted as Mean+SD. Figure 1. IAC increases survival of neuronal cells under basal conditions. Values are preser "**'pc0,001 compared to control (1-way ANOVA).



nted as Mean+SD. Values are preser Figure 2. IAC increases the number of neurite processes and branches. *p<0.05, ***p<0.001, respectively compared to control (1-way ANOVA).

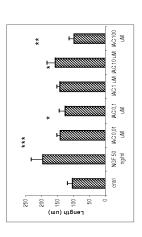


Figure 3. AC increases the total neurite length. Values are presented as Mean+SD. *p<0.05, **p<0.01, ***p<0.001, respectively compared to control(1-way ANOVA)





B. Cells treated with 10 uM IAC. Magnification 20x A. Naive cells. Magnification 20x

Figure 4. Representative images of A. naive neuronal cells and B. neuronal cells treated with 10 uM IAC

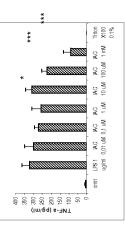


Figure 5. IAC reduces the amount of TNF-a in response to LPS stimulation in glial oells. Values are presented as Mean+SD. 'p<0.05, ""p<0.001, respectively (1-way ANOVA),

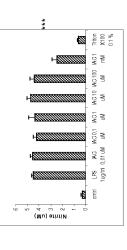
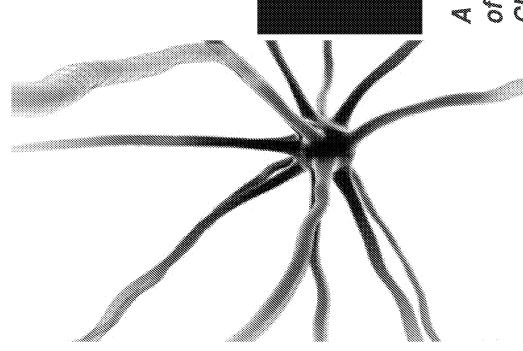


Figure 6. IAC at 1 mM dezreases the amount of nitrite in response to LPS stimulation in glial cells. Values are presented as Mean+SD. ""p<0.001 (1-way ANOVA).



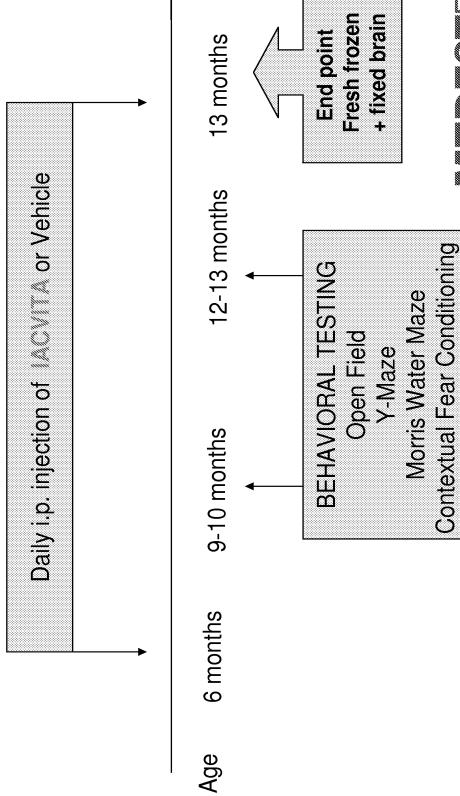
Cerebricon

A leader in the non-clinical screening of drug candidates agains!

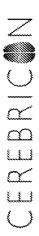


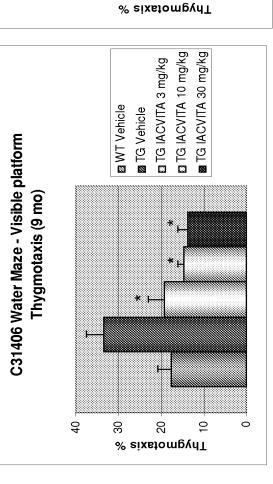
- Managenic Total (1-80) which develop amyoid pladues and progressive cognitive deficits
- 3 doses: 3, 10 and 30 mg/kg i.p. (daily injection)
- Time window: from 6 months old to 13 months old
- Evaluation of
- Behavioral testing: Open field test, Y-Maze, MWM, contextual fear conditioning.
- Hystological analysis of brain to determine plaque load.

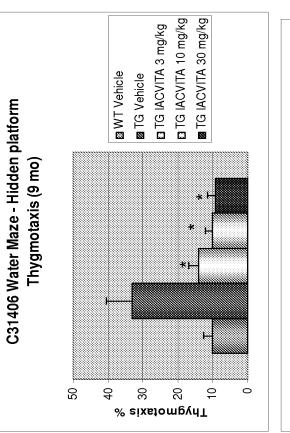


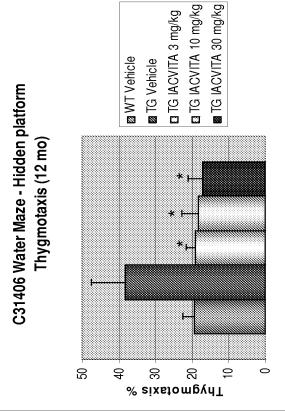












TG IACVITA 10 mg/kg
■ TG IACVITA 30 mg/kg

☐ TG IACVITA 3 mg/kg

8

Thygmotaxis %

9

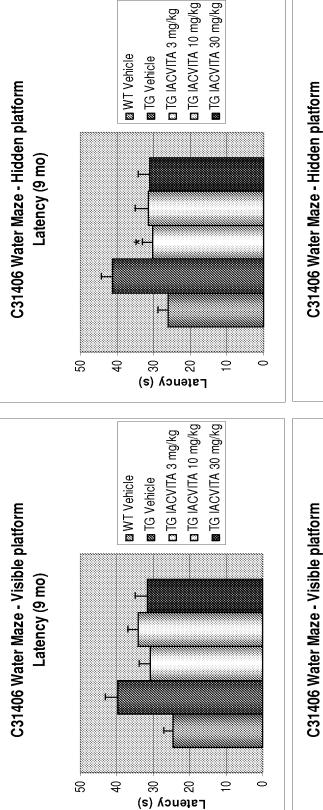
■ WT Vehicle ■ TG Vehicle

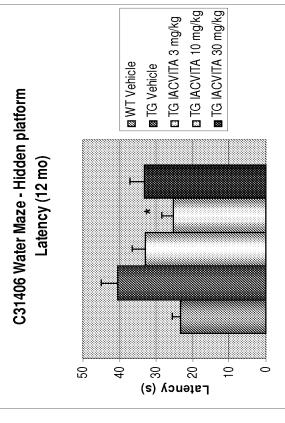
C31406 Water Maze - Visible platform Thygmotaxis (12 mo)

4









☐ TG IACVITA 10 mg/kg

TG IACVITA 3 mg/kg

☑ WT Vehicle

Latency (12 mo)

20

4

8

Latency (s)

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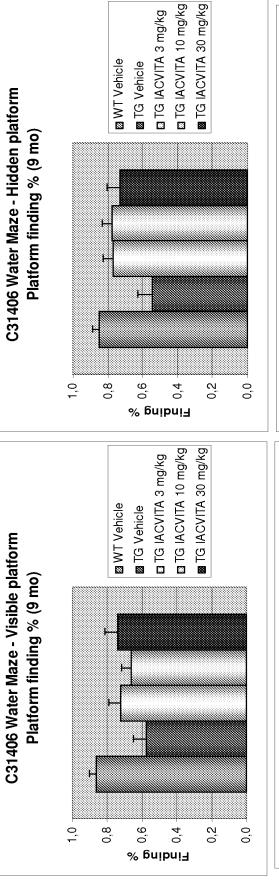
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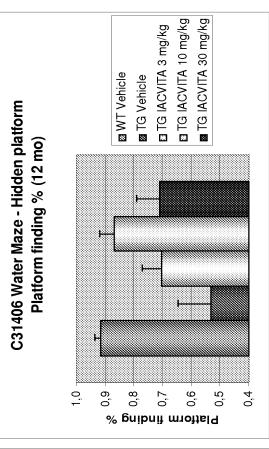
TG Vehicle

■ TG IACVITA 30 mg/kg









TG IACVITA 10 mg/kg

☐ TG IACVITA 3 mg/kg

% gnibnii miotisI9

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☑ WT Vehicle TG Vehicle

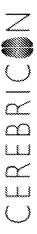
C31406 Water Maze - Visible platform

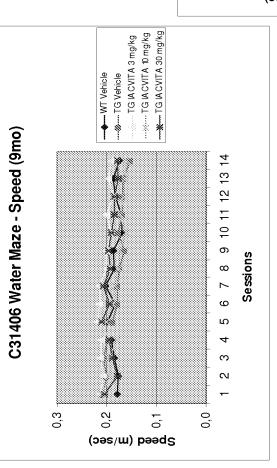
Platform finding % (12 mo)

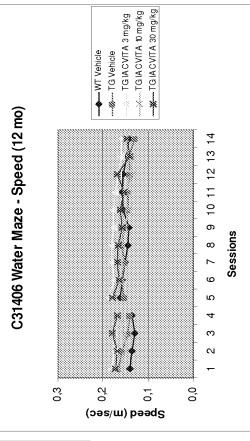
0,

■ TG IACVITA 30 mg/kg

ability in finding the hidden platform if compared to wild-type littermates WEDESTEA Remarkably, 10 mg/kg M/2-treated mice showed the same



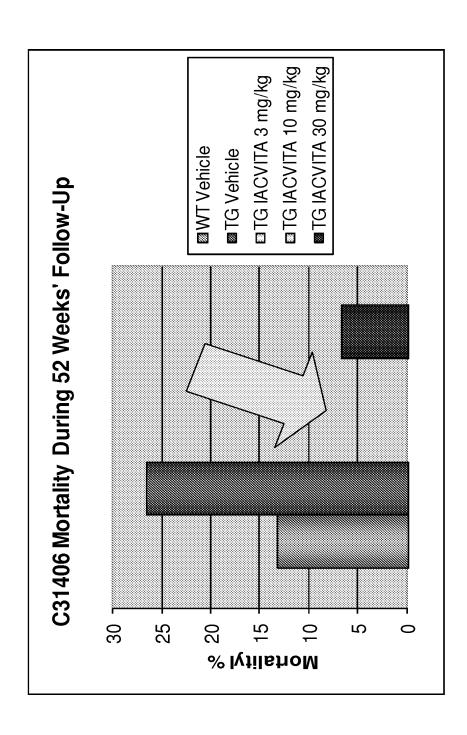




There were no significant differences in swimming speed between MC groups, TG mice and WT littermates.

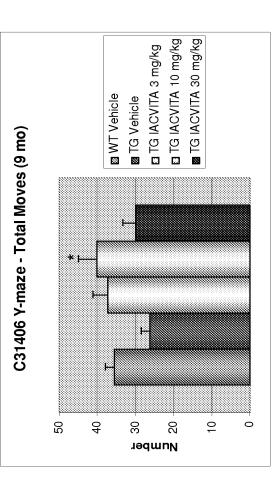
This information is quite important as it is suggestive of the fact that the treatment didn't impare the physical performances of mice.



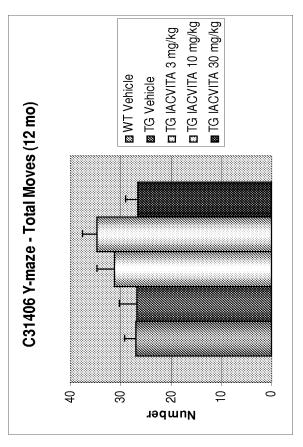






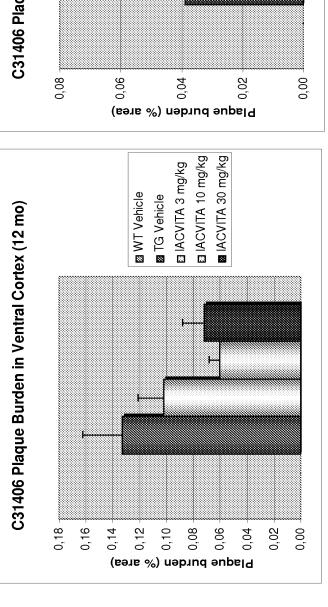


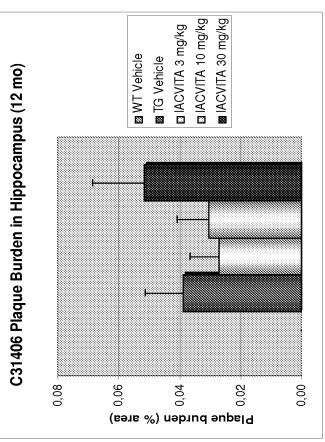
The attractions were also official in the attraction in the attraction of the attraction in the attraction in the attraction of the attraction in the attraction of the attraction in the attraction of the attrac











There was a significant difference in plaque load between MOVIIIA groups and TG mice, particularly in ventral cortex area.

the treatment (7 months, daily i.p.) was able to reduce the β-amyloid aggregation. This information is rather important as it is suggestive of the fact that





- counteracting neurobehavioral deficits linked with the progression of The data gathered so far show an excellent activity of IACVIIIA in Alzheimer Disease;
- Latency and Platform Finding) the treatment groups show no in several neurobehavioural parameters (MWM Thigmotaxis, differences if compared to wild-type mice;
- to interact purposefully with the environment, unlike TG mice;
- ventral cortex, and a positive trend in the hippocampus;

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University of Catanzaro "Magna Graecia" Faculty of Pharmacy



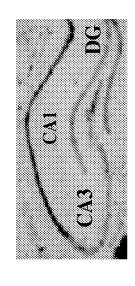


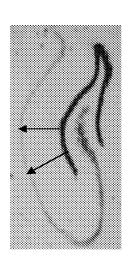
- Male Mongolian Gerbils (total N=66).
- 5 min bilateral common carotid artery occlusion (BCCO).
- 3 doses: 1, 5 or 10 mg/kg i.p. (single)
- Time window: 1 hour before, 1 or 6 hours after the onset of BCCO.
- Evaluation of ultrastructural and neuropathological changes occuring within the hippocampal CA1 area.

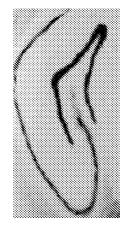




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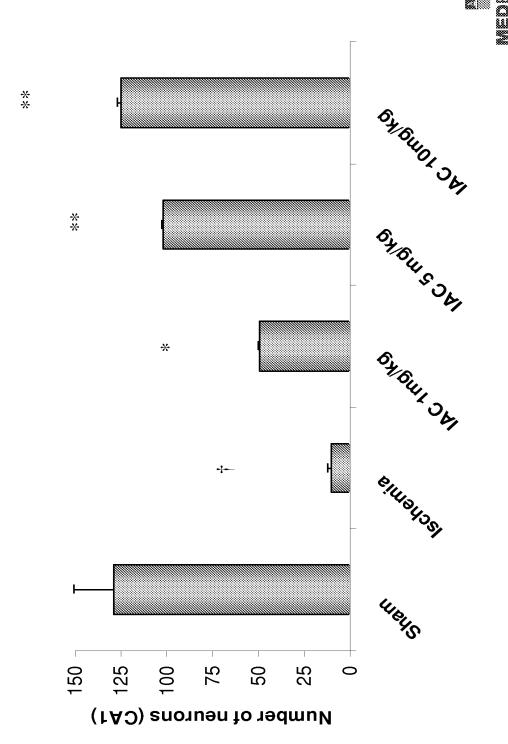
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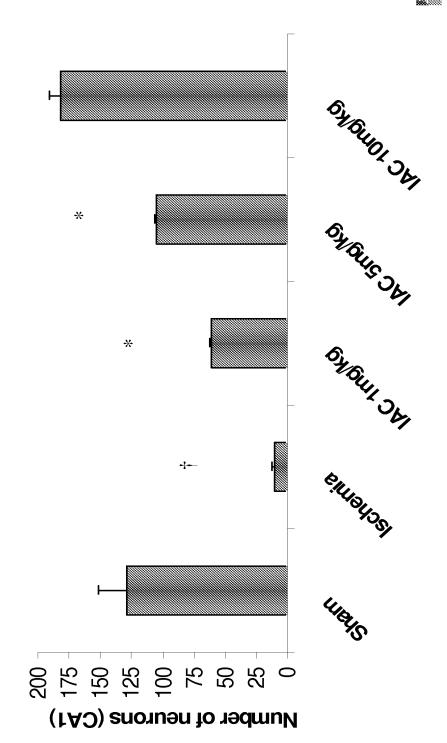


administrated ip 1 hour before BCCO showed a dose dependent protective effect against ischemia-reperfusion induced reduction of neuronal cell number in CA1 hippocampal area.



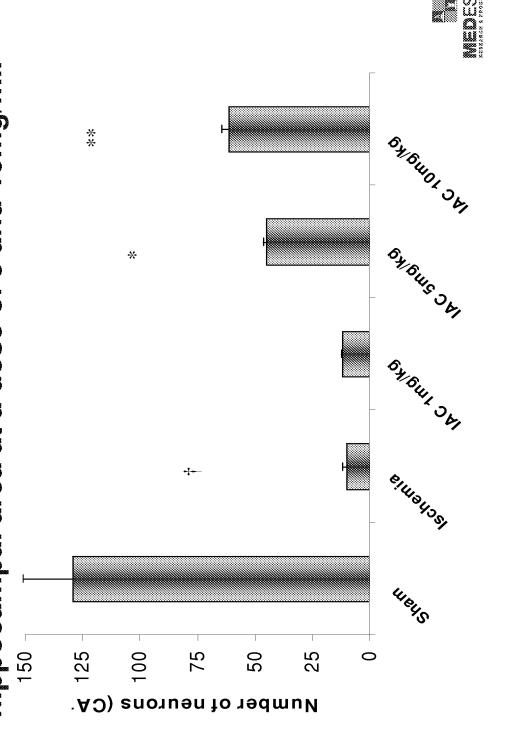


administrated in 1 hour after BCCO showed a dose dependent protective effect against ischemia-reperfusion induced reduction of neuronal cell number in CAI



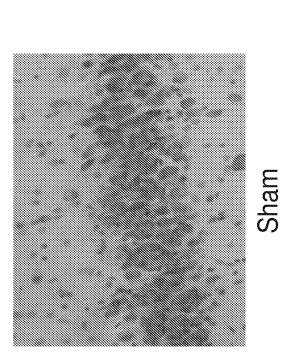


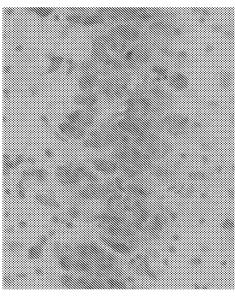
significant protective effect against ischemia-reperfusion administrated ip 6 hour after BCCO showed a induced reduction of neuronal cell number in CAI hippocampal area at a dose of 5 and 10mg/ml.



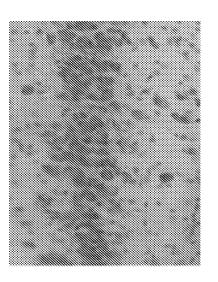


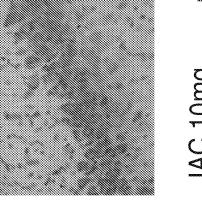
schemia-reperfusion hippocampal early lesion. ib. administration of the protected against











AC 1mg

IAC 5mg

IAC 10mg





- increased production of reactive oxygen species (ROS) which, in turn, participate in the mechanisms leading to post-ischemic neuronal cell It is known that ischemia-reperfusion of brain tissue is followed by an
- The present experiments demonstrate that MC, the most powerful safe free radical scavenger known today, produces a relevant and significant protective effect against neuropathological changes elicited by temporary BCCO, even if administrated 1 to 6 hours after the ischemic damage.
- concentrations in the brain able to develop a strong pharmacological The present experiments indicate also that MC quickly reaches activity when administrated peripherally.





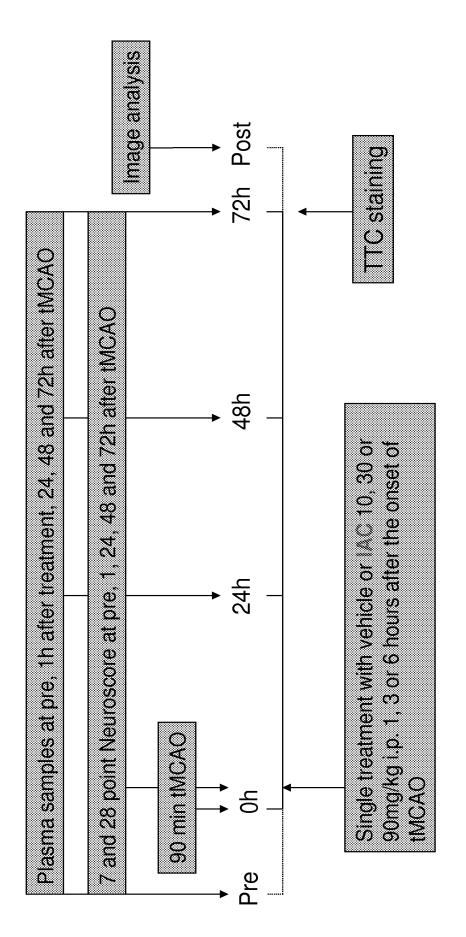
Gerebricon

A leader in the non-clinical screening of drug candidates against CNS disease largeis.



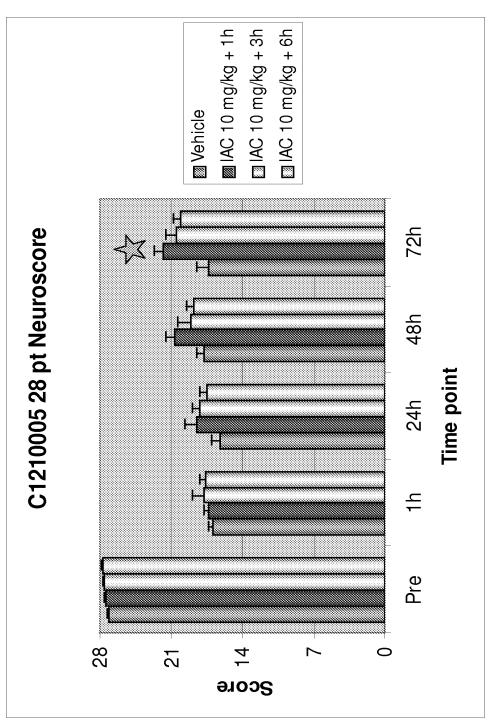
- Male Sprague-Dawley rats (total N=120)
- 9 min transient tocal cerebral ischemia (MCAO)
- 3 doses: 10, 30 or 90 mg/kg i.p. (single)
- Time window: 1, 3 or 6 hours after the onset of tMCAO
- Evaluation of sensory-motor performance: 7 and 28 point Neuroscore
- Evaluation of brain damage: total, cortical and subcortical infarct volume





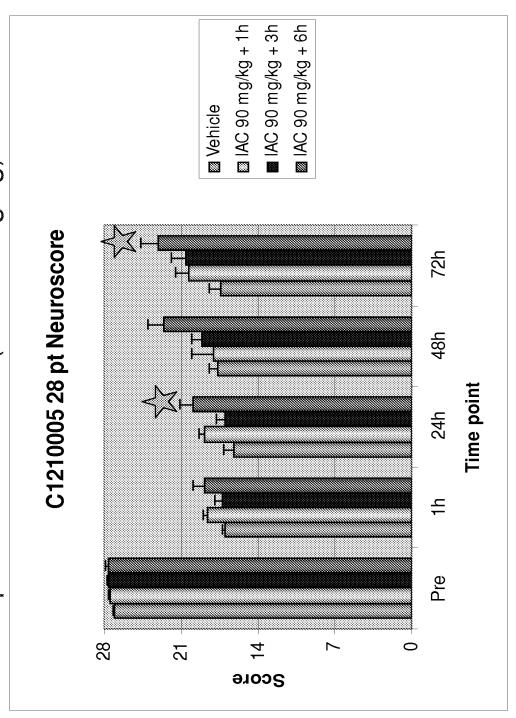


28 point Neuroscore (10 mg/kg)



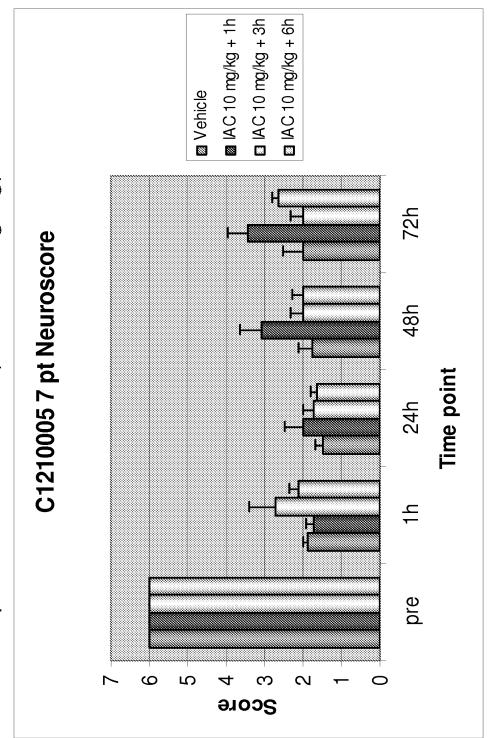


28 point Neuroscore (28 mg/kg)



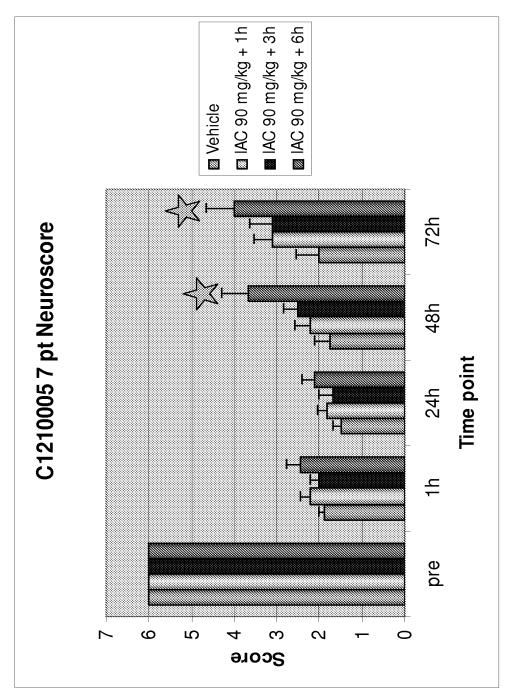


7 point Neuroscore (10 mg/kg)



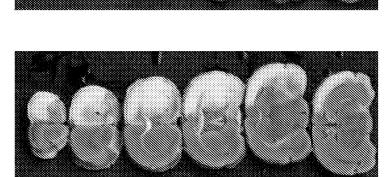


7 point Neuroscore (20 mg/kg)

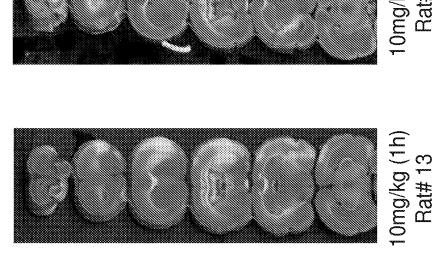




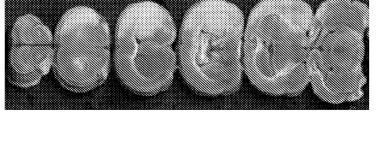
Infarct volume (2 10 mg/kg)



Vehicle Rat# 1



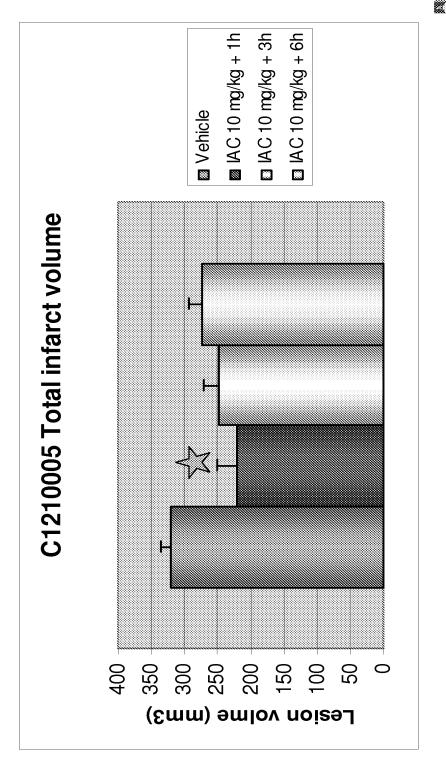
10mg/kg (3h) Rat# 71



10mg/kg (6h) Rat# 106

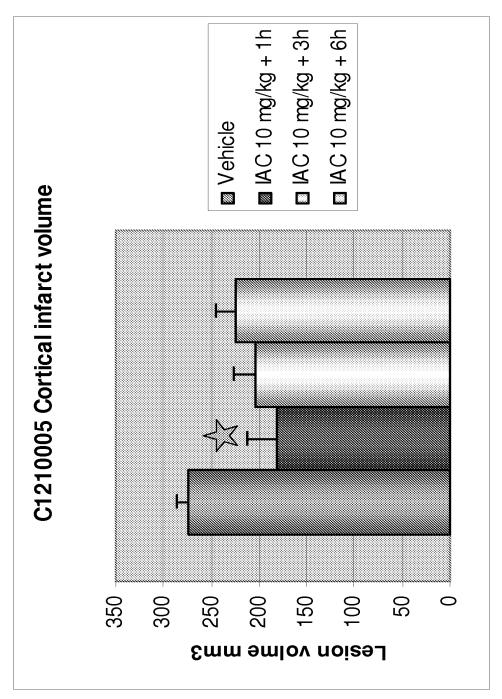


Total infarct volume (20 10 mg/kg)



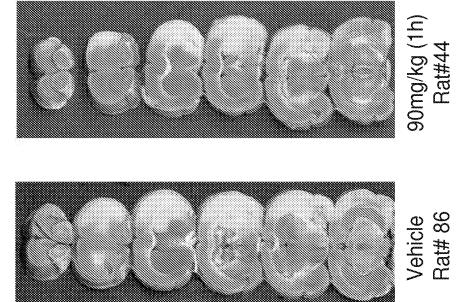


Cortical infarct volume (2 10 mg/kg)

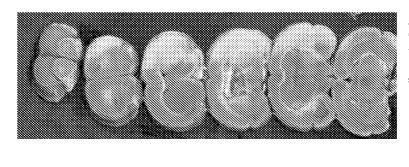




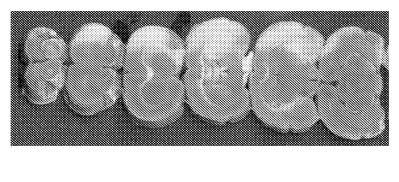
Infarct volume (IAC 90 mg/kg)



Vehicle Rat# 86



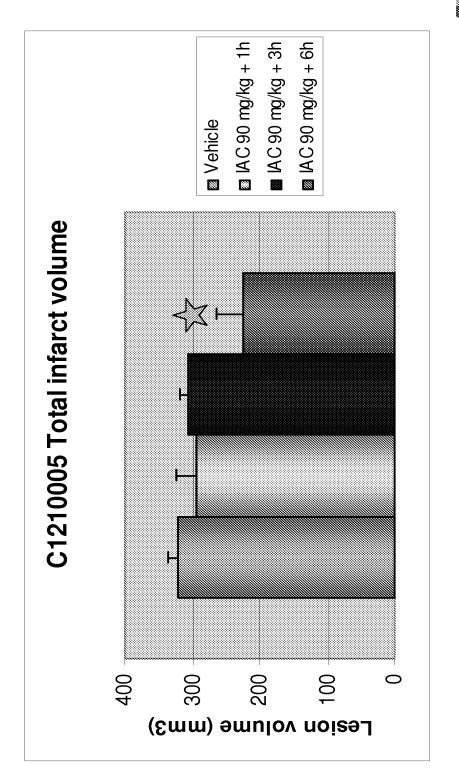
90mg/kg (3h) Rat # 38



90mg/kg (6h) Rat# 92

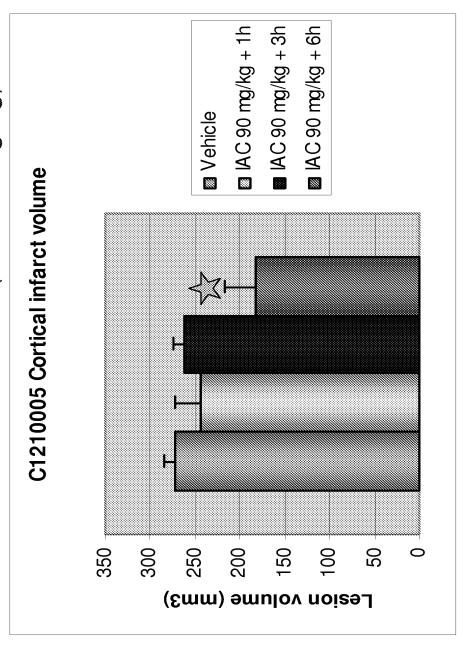


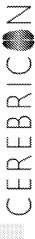
Total infarct volume (20 mg/kg)





Cortical infarct volume (20 mg/kg)





- a relevant and significant protective effect against The present experiment demonstrates that IAC produces neuropathological changes elicited and by tMCAO in
- At the dose of 10 mg/kg, 1 hour after the tMCAO onset;
- At the dose of 90 mg/kg, 6 hours after the tMCAO onset.
- The results of the current studies indicate also that IAC administrated several hours after the onset of the tMCAO, provides significant improvement of long term functional recovery.
- strong pharmacological activity when administrated The present experiment indicates also that IAC quickly reaches concentrations in the brain able to develop a elicit its activity by i.p. peripherally and can administration.





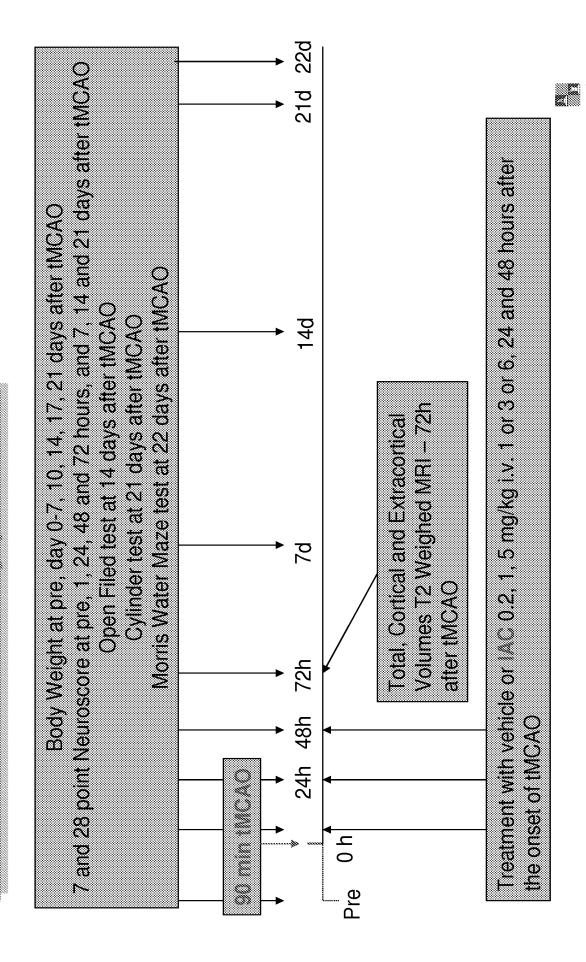
Gerebricon

A leader in the non-clinical screening of drug candidates against CNS disease largeis.

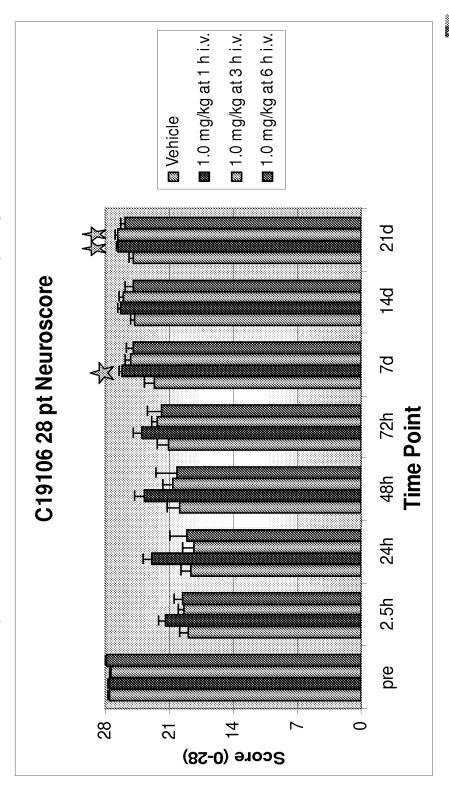


- Male Sprague-Dawley rats (total N=120)
- 90 min transient focal cerebral ischemia (tMCAO)
- 3 doses: 0.2, 1, 5 mg/kg i.v.
- Time window: 1 or 3 or 6, 24 and 48 hours after the onset of tMCAO
- Evaluation of sensory-motor performance: 7 and 28 point Neuroscore, Cylinder test, Open Field test, Morris Water Maze test
- Evaluation of brain damage: total, cortical and subcortical infarct volume



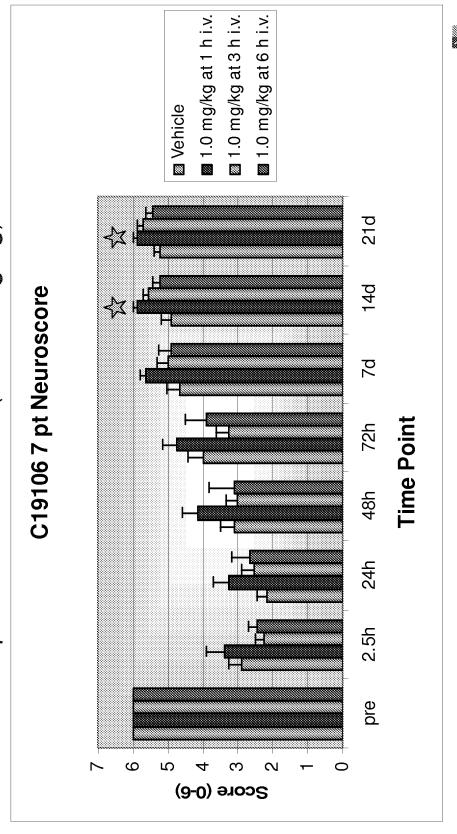


28 point Neuroscore (2 1 mg/kg)



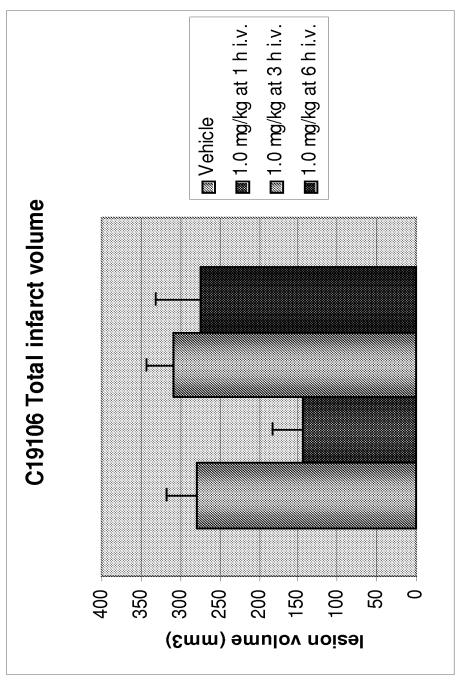


7 point Neuroscore (1 mg/kg)



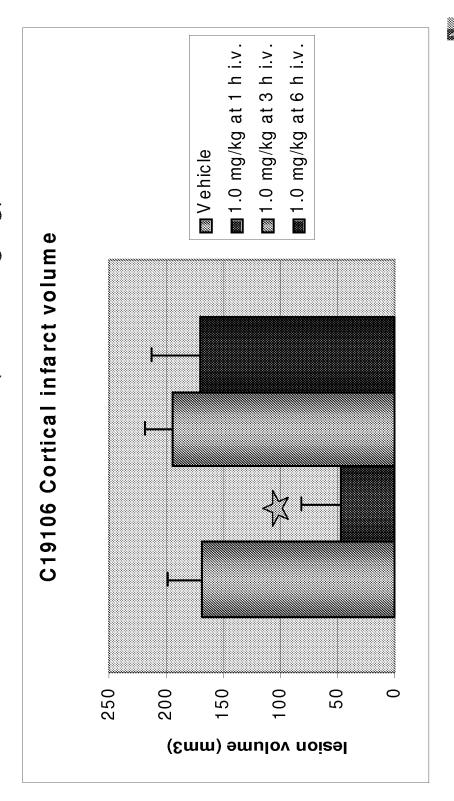


Total infarct volume (1 mg/kg)





Cortical infarct volume (2 1 mg/kg)





- neuropathological changes elicited by tMCAO in rats, even if The present experiments demonstrate that IAC produces a relevant and significant protective effect against administrated several hours after the ischemic damage.
- The results of the current studies indicate also that IAC provides significant improvement of long term functional administrated several hours after the onset of the tMCAO, recovery.
- pharmacological activity when administrated peripherally 3) The present experiments indicate also that IAC quickly reaches concentrations in the brain able to develop a strong and can elicit its activity by i.v. administration.





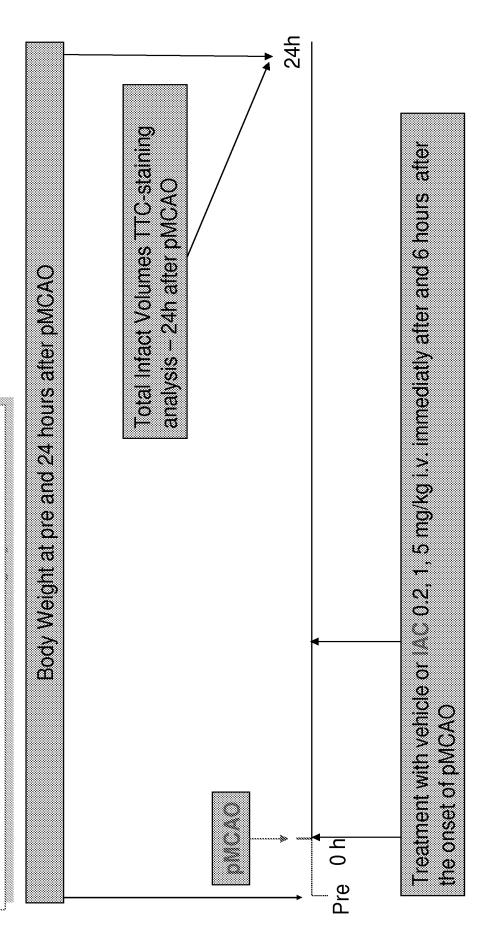
Cerebricon

A leader in the non-clinical screening of drug candidates against CNS disease SOOJE



- Male C57BI/6 mice (total N=50)
- Permanent focal cerebral ischemia (pMCAO)
- 4 doses: 0.2, 1, 5, 10 mg/kg i.v.
- Time window: immediatly after and 6 hours after the onset of pMCAO
- Evaluation of brain damage: total, cortical and subcortical infarct volume



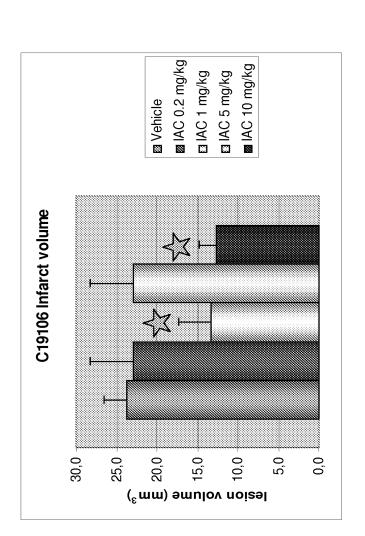






hiard Volume at 24 h after pNGAO

Group	$\ensuremath{\text{N}}^{\circ}$ of animals with 0-lesion
Vehicle	0/10
IAC 0.2 mg/Kg	2/10
IAC 1 mg/Kg	3/10
IAC 5 mg/Kg	/5/10
IAC 10 mg/Kg	6/0





- The present experiment suggests that IAC (1 and 10 mg/Kg) significantly reduces infarct volume at 24 hours after pMCAO in mice.
- The results of the current studies indicate also that incidence of 0-infarct was limited only to IAC treated groups.
- properties of IAC after i.v. administration immediately and 6 The present experiment may reflect neuroprotective hours after pMCAO in mice.





Cerebricon

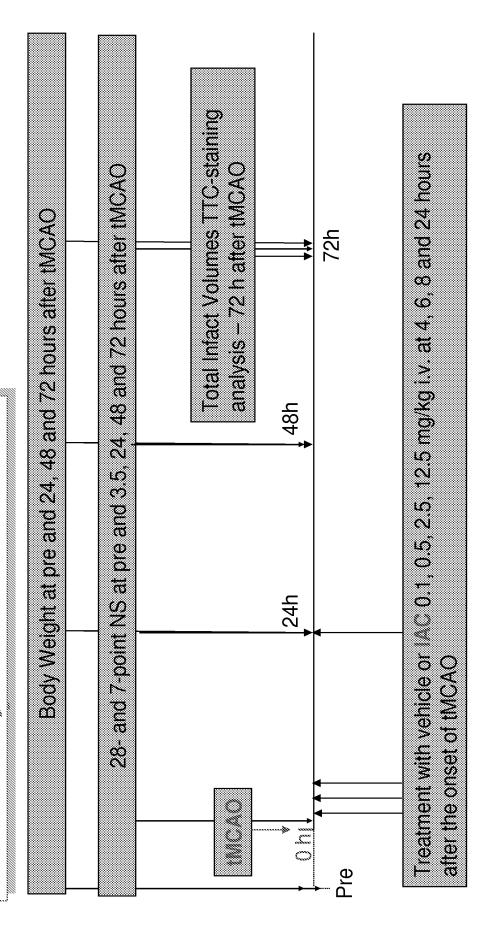
A leader in the non-clinical screening of drug candidates against CNS disease largeis.





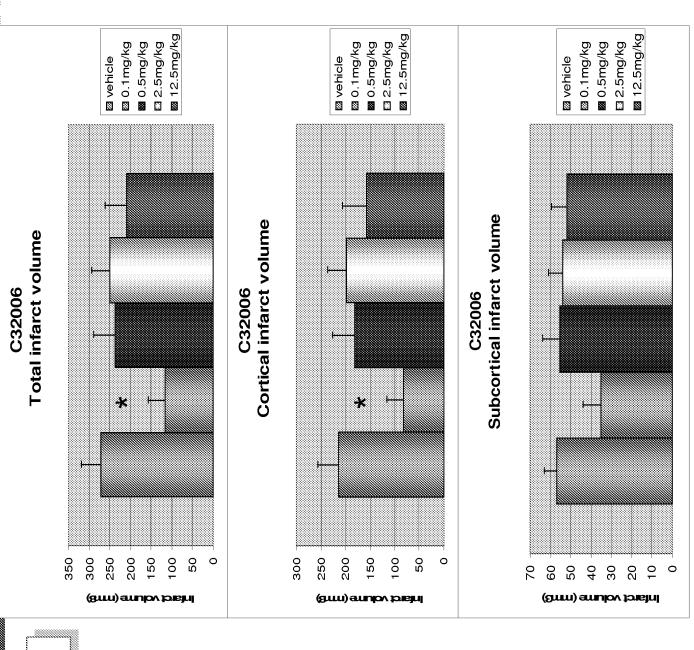
- Male Sprague-Dawley rats (total N=90)
- 90 min middle cerebral artery occlusion (MCAO)
- 5 doses: 0.1, 0.5, 2.5, 12.5 mg/kg i.v.
- Time window: at 4, 6, 8 and 24 hours after the onset of tMCAO
- Evaluation of:
- Brain damage (total, cortical and subcortical infarct volume);
- Sensory-motor behavior (28- and 7-point neuroscore tests)

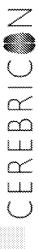






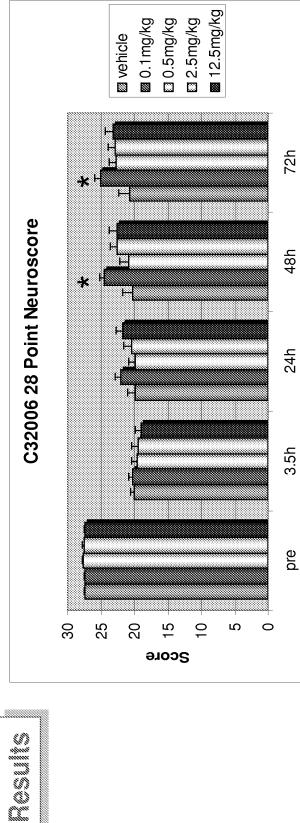


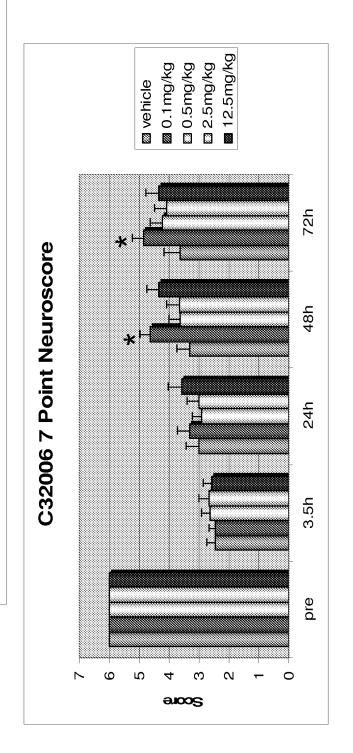




Group	Total	Cortical	Subcortical
Vehicle	1/15	4/15	1/15
IAC 0.1 mg/Kg	5/15	8/15	5/15
IAC 0.5 mg/Kg	2/15	4/15	2/15
IAC 2.5 mg/Kg	1/15	2/15	1/15
IAC 12.5 mg/Kg	2/15	7/15	2/15









- shows a trend in reducing infarct volume at 72 hours after The present experiment indicates that IAC (0.1 mg/Kg) tMCAO in rats.
- The results of the current studies indicate also that ncidence of 0-lesions was mainly marked in 0.1 mg/Kg AC treated group, in particular on the cortical infarct.
- The present experiment may reflect neuroprotective properties of IAC after i.v. administration at 4, 6, 8 and 24 nours after tMCAO in rats.
- oehavior improvement when 0.1 mg/Kg of IAC was administrated i.v. at 4, 6, 8 and 24 hours after tMCAO in The results show a positive trend in the sensory-motor





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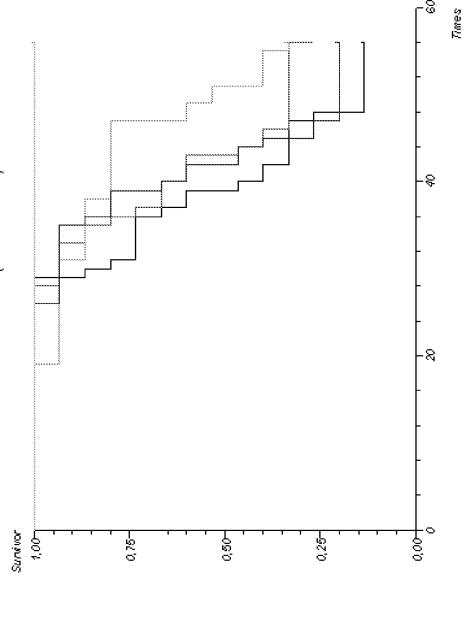




- Six-week-old male Dahl Salt-Sensitive rats (total N=70)
- 4 groups with High-Salt Diet treated from week 8 to week 11:
- Veichle
- 1 10 and 30 mg/kg
- 1 group with normal-Salt Diet
 - Evaluation of:
- Body weightT2- and T2*- MRI (once a week)FOB and 28 NS (once a week)
- Hemodynamics
- Necropsy

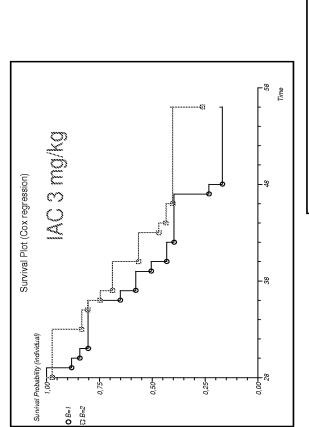


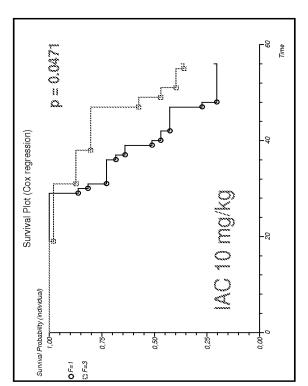


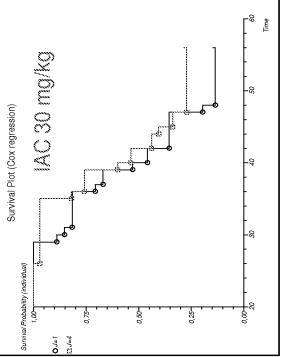




vehicle IAC 3 mg/kg IAC 10 mg/kg IAC 30 mg/kg





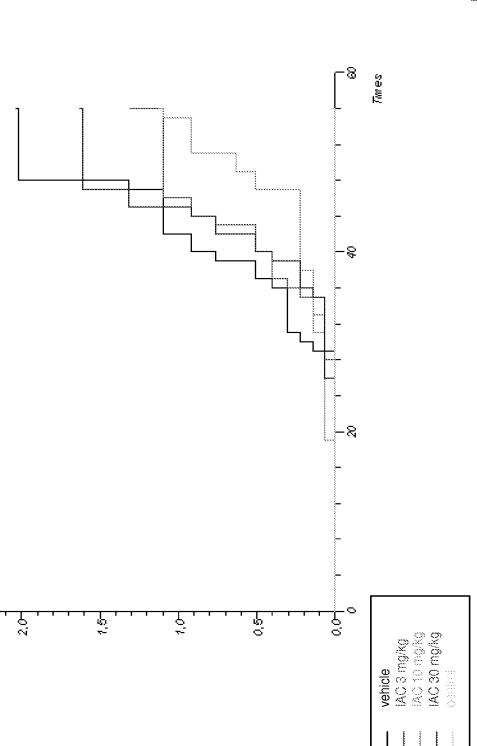




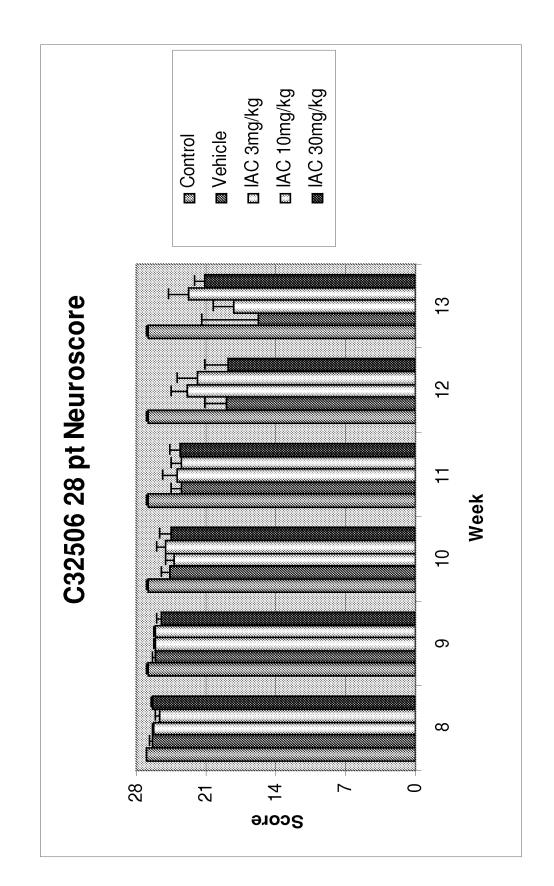


Hazard Plot

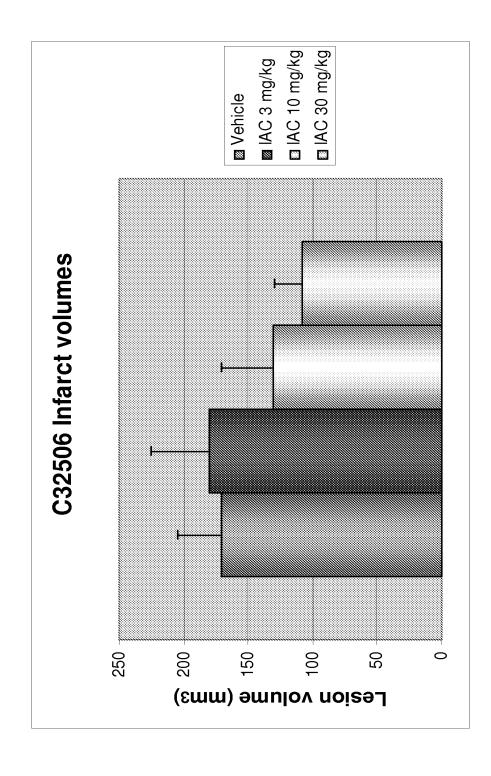
Hazard 2,5न

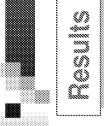












- significantly affect mortality when compared to vehicle group Daily i.p. treatment with AC (3, 10 or 30 mg/kg) did not during 56 day follow-up period.
- 2) AC 10 mg/kg treatment delayed mortality.
- Sensory-motor functions (28-point NS test) were significantly different between vehicle and [AC] groups. (ha)
- FOB test showed that proportions of normal findings in several test parameters were often higher in MC groups when compared to vehicle group, especially on age weeks 8-10. hilip mar
- In vivo and ex vivo MRI result showed that the higher doses of Seem to decrease the infarct volume. (7)







Neuroprotective Properties of IAC in tMCAO Model in Rats

J. Puoliväli¹, A. Nurmi¹, R. Pussinen¹, J. Yrjänheikki¹, A. Soleti², K. Bagate³ and M. Paolini⁴. ¹Cerebricon Ltd, Kuopio, FINLAND, ²Medestea Research, Torino, ITALY, ³Forenap Pharma, Rouffach, FRANCE, ⁴Dept. of

Pharmacology, University of Bologna, Bologna, ITALY.

Five radical scaweging and fraging agents exact hearportakehe properties in animal modes of stricks. However, these controlled the information time was not installed the controlled the second section of the controlled in canadra copyes destructed in place and picture was investigated the effect of more point, but may less an assess installed in the controlled country and assess the controlled to the controlled the controlled to the contro

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interference despite Cerebra interference even evaluated with 25-periority translation officior (Troll attinuity own Tawagnet Min 17 h set MCAO TTG attinuity was performed on 2-min escone and miscrut volume was contested in orders. Tawagnet official set 27 h set MCAO TTG attinuity was performed on 2-min escone and miscrut volume was contested in orders. Tawagnetic performance of 12-performed on 2-performed to 12-performed to 1

Rate subjective to the mid-Andro Consential a selector by lower horacce wastern for the 3d-Secretic state comparation between in total seal of septembers in the administration studies are treated with ACMTA to might at it made to exist of IMCA contains from the 3d-secretic content of the 3d-secretic state of the 3d-se

In It administration makes (MCCTT, 1 mps) and animates 1 in the the based obtained to present interpretable and animates of a good animates of good animates of a good animates of good animates of

acute and long term beneficial effects addition, IACVITA reduces lesion size





to 90 min tMCAO and treated

Figure 1. Representative with vehicle or IACVITA.

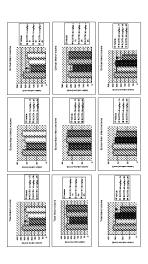


Figure 2. Total, conteal and subcortical infarct volumes from rats subjected to 90 min http.CAc, which were treated with vehicle or IACVITA 10, 30 or 90 mg/kg at 1, 3 or 6 h after the oriset of NMCAc.

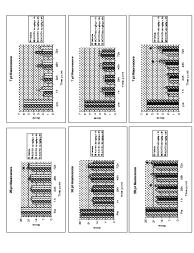


Figure 3. Seven (right panels) and 28 –point (left panels) neuroscore values from rats subjected to 50 nm IMCA0, which were trasted with vehicle or IACVITA 10, 30 or 90 mg/kg at 1, 3 or 6 hafter the orast of MICAO.

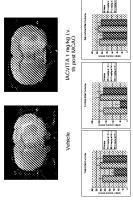


Figure 4. Representative T2-MRI inages from rats subjected to 90 min tMCAO and treated with vehicle or MCVITA (upper left and right panel). Average total, confical and subcontical infact volunes were significantly lover in rats treated with IACVITA 1 mg/kg 1 in after the context of MGAO.

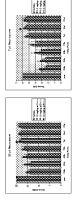
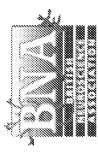


Figure 5. Seven (right panel) and 28 -point (left panel) neuroscore values from rats subjected to so num MAGAO and nates with vehicle or IACVITA 1 mg/kg at 1, 3 or 6 h after the onset of MAGAO into VOTTA administered 1 in after the croset of MAGAO significantly improved 7 and 28 - point neuroscore values on day 7 and 14, respectively.



Figure 6. Escape latency in water maze test on day 22 and the number of rearings in open iffect test on day 14 after thKGOV. IAVCVITA administered 1 h after the onset of thKGAO significantly improved the performance in both tests.





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Neuroprotective Properties of IAC in tMCAO Model in Rats

Antti Nurmi¹, Jukka Puoliväli¹, Raimo Pussinen¹, Antonio Soleti², Karim Bagate³, Moreno Paolini⁴, Robert I. Grundy¹, Juha Yrjänheikki¹

¹Cerebricon Ltd, Kuopio, FINLAND, ²Medestea Research, Torino, ITALY, ³Forenap Pharma, Rouffach, FRANCE, ⁴Dept. of Pharmacology, University of Bologna, Bologna, ITALY.

The ene lacts executing but Expending agents early according to pergivate in minimal modes for stoke However, these comprounds have immed intergention the window, unsettletend, when when years properties and many and minimal according to the window. In the However, which were the properties and in most properties of personal properties and However, when years are settled to the properties of the personal properties of seat-full inferred when the area preserved in the properties of the Gestrale Afray Occusion model of stoke (MOAO) in ress.

- Male Sprague-Dawley (250-350g) rats were subjected to 90 min tMCAO described by Koizumi et al. (1986).
- ear (1-20) in the the rose of MMOA.

 List on the that is rosed of MMOA.

 Bas were monitored for 27 he after MMOA.

 Bas were monitored for 22 days after MMOA.

 Bas sequenced by 27 (modified from 25 days after MMOA.

 Bas sequenced by 27 (modified from 25 days) and 22 days after MMOA.

 Bas sequenced by 27 (modified from 25 days) and 22 days after MMOA.

 Bas sequenced by 27 (modified from 25 days) and 27 days after MMOA.

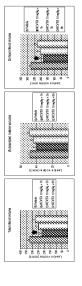
 Bas days after MMOA.

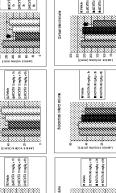
 Bas
- TTC stanking was porformed to start me assigns and chiefer vulnes was consisted for dearn TE velophod MPI was performed with the use of a Verladi into account infrared infrared to a 4.7 This zonal magnet equipped with carriery as indeed gradient once. A flatfordurine out, offwer in retrieval magnet equipped with carriery as indeed gradient once. A flatfordurine out, offwer in volume. To was lost equipmed must assign in respirately and experiment of infrared volume. To washinks in the size of the control of the

- Rea treated with AC 31 mg/g at 1h effort the creat of MCAC heal significantly higher 28 Rea treated with AC 31 mg/g at 1h effort the created with AC 31 mg/g at 1h effort the created with AC 32 point near economic man and a mg/g at 1h effort the created with 80 mg/g at 1h effort the created at 1h effect the created at 1h effort the 1h effort the created at 1h effort the 1h effor

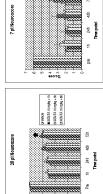
I/O, mg/kg azministerad i in affect the onest of MICAO improved 7—point neuroscore values at 14 d. and 252—point meuroscore values at 27 date MICAO, when compend to varietie group. The reverse in the compensation of the special points are significantly smaller at 72 h when compered to Expt 2: i.v. Administration IAC 1 mg/kg administered 1

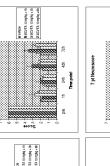
This study demonstrates that IAC, a novel tree radical neutralizer, has both scule and long time bendicial discharges on sensety more under the focal oneatral isobatile in rats. In addition, IAC reduces tession size as derected by instelling and IARI. These data indicate the potential of IACs as thereplant for sethemic strike.

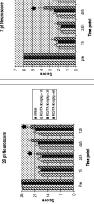






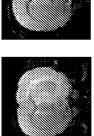






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Figure 2. Seven (right panels) and 28 -point (left panels) neuroscore values from rats subjected to 90 min MCAO, which were treated with vehicle or IAC 10, 30 or 90 mg/kg at 1, 3 or 6 h after the onset of MCAO.





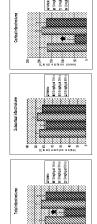
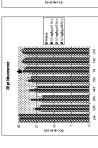


Figure 3. Representative T2-MRI images from rats subjected to 90 min tMCAO and freated with vehicle or IAC (upper left and right pane). Average total and cortical infact volumes were significantly lower in rats treated with IAC 1 mg/kg 1 h after the onset of tMCAO. (*p<0.05, ANOVA)



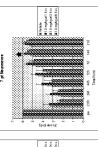


Figure 4. Seven (light pare)) and 28-point (left parel) neurospore velues from riss subjected to 90 min M/A/O and treated with velopine or IA/O in 1906, at 1,3 or of hand the rise oreal of MACA. IN/O annissers of it halfer the reset of MACA (sightlearly improved 7 and 28-point neurospore velues on day 7 and 4, respectively, oreset of MACAO sightlearly improved 7 and 28-point neurospore velues on day 7 and 4, respectively.





Department of Endocrinology and University of Pisa Metabolism.





Langherans islets isolated from no-diabetic subjects.

	<u>ဂ</u> ဲ
Q Sm special Sm	2.03±0.4
Glucose 22.2 mM	1.13±0.2
Gucose + IAC 1 mM	S = 7
Gucose + IAC 10 uM	1.78±0.5*
Glucose + IAC 100 µM	7.50±0.4







Langherans islets isolated from T2 diabetic subjects.

	S.	2.03±0.4	0.87±0.2		1.55±0.4	1.65±0.5
		Heathy Subjects	2	E 2 + 0 P	12D + AC 10 M	2 2 4 2 2 4 2 4

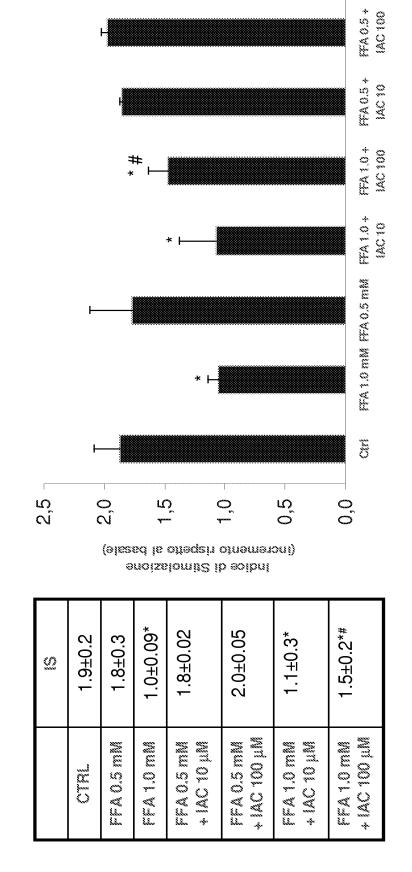
T2 D = Type 2 diabetes





angherans islets isolated from no-diabetic subjects. 24 hours-induction with Free Fatty Acid (FTA).

Beta-cells activity is expressed by the insulin levels after stimulation with high doses of glucose



*=p<0.05 vs Ctrl; #=p<0.05 vs FFA 1.0 mM; Bonferroni test





Langherans islets isolated from no-diabetic subjects.

24 hours Free Fatty Acid (FFA) induction.

Evaluation of Oxidative stress: nitrotyrosine

			*	F H			0+ FFA1.0
	*	 					## 1.0 + BC 10 +
					H		## 0.5 +
+ 9.0 A # 8.0							
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16,0 17,0 10,0 10,0 10,0 10,0							
				/IOU	IU —		
nmo!//	6,00±0.26	$6,23\pm0.23$	12,7±2.15*	5,84±0.33	5,92±0.27	11,55±2.18*	8,76±0.37*#
	CTRL	FFA 0.5 mM	FFA 1.0 mW	FFA 0.5 mM + IAC 10 µM	FFA 0.5 mM + IAC 100 µM	FFA 1.0 mW + IAC 10 µM	FFA 1.0 mM + IAC 100 µM

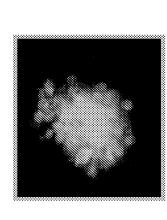




Langherans islets isolated from no-diabetic subjects.

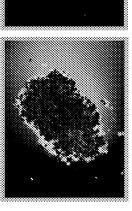
24 hours Free Fatty Acid (FFA) induction.





The Green fluorescence indicates vital cells, the red fluorescence indicate the not-vital cells

FFA 0.5 mM

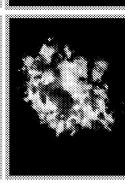


FFA 1.0 mM



FFA 0.5 mM + IAC 10 μM

FFA 1.0 mM + IAC 10 μM



FFA 0.5 mM + IAC 100 µM

FFA 1.0 mM + IAC 100 μM





Langherans islets isolated from no-diabetic subjects. 48 hours-induction with Free Fatty Acid (FFA).

Beta-cells activity is expressed by the insulin levels after stimulation with high doses of glucose

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	—						5
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		:5*	*.	5	+	5	* * *
<u> </u>	.9±0.3	.15±0.25*	1.0±0.2*	1.45±0.5	1.3±0.4	1.95±0.5	1.34±0.25**
		1.1	-	<u> </u>	_	-	1.3
			W	Z Z	Z Z	Z Z	22
	CTRL	FFA 0.5 mM	FFA 1.0 mW	FFA 0.5 mM + IAC 10 µM	FFA 0.5 mM + IAC 100 µM	FFA 1.0 mM + IAC 10 µM	## A 10 mm 4 mm 4 mm 5 mm 5 mm 5 mm 5 mm 5 mm
		ii.	LL.	il. s	Lin 4	LL +	lil. 4

	- - 20 00
—	FFA 0,5 + IAC 100
 	FFA 0,5+
*	FFA 1,0 +
	FFA 1,0 + IAC 10
*	FFA 0,5 mM
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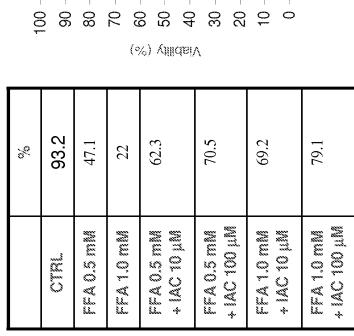
*=p<0.01 vs Ctrl; **=p<0.05 vs Ctrl; test-t

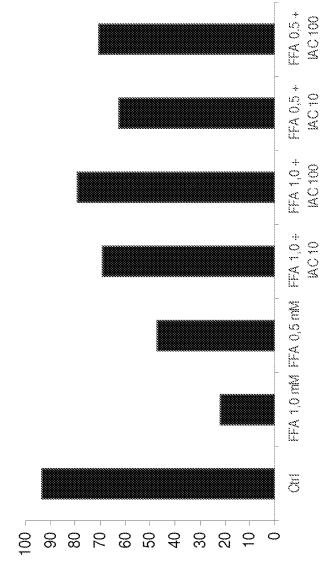




angherans islets isolated from no-diabetic subjects. 48 nours-induction with Free Fatty Acid (FFA).

Vability cells





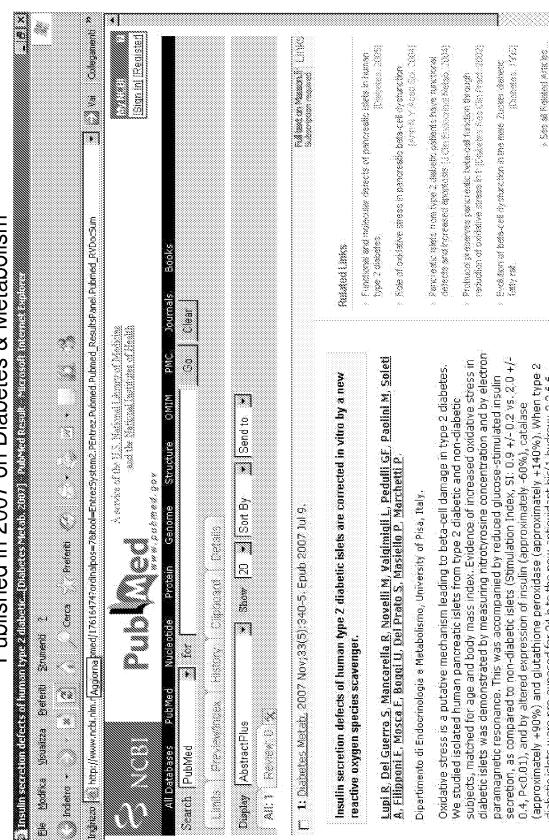




Type-2 diabetic islets, for which an abnormal oxidative stress status was glucose-stimulated insulin secretion and nitrotyrosine levels when preobserved, were able to achieve a normalization of gene expression, exposed for 24 h to ACVITA. These results support the concept that oxidative stress plays a role in type-2 diabetes beta-cell dysfunction; therapy with MONITA could therefore be an interesting adjunctive pharmacological approach to the treatment of type-2 diabetes.



Published in 2007 on Diabetes & Metabolism



PMID: 17616474 [PubMed - in process]

These results support the concept that oxidative stress may play a role in type 2 diabetes

stimulated insulin secretion (S1: 1.6+/-0.5) and gene expressions improved/normalized.

tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl)decandigate di-hydrochloride, nitrotyrosine levels, glucose.

diabetic islets were pre-exposed for 24 h to the new antioxidant bis(1-hydroxy-2,2,6,6-

beta cell dysfunction, furthermore, it is proposed that therapy with antioxidants could be

an interesting adjunctive pharmacological approach to the treatment of type 2 diabetes.

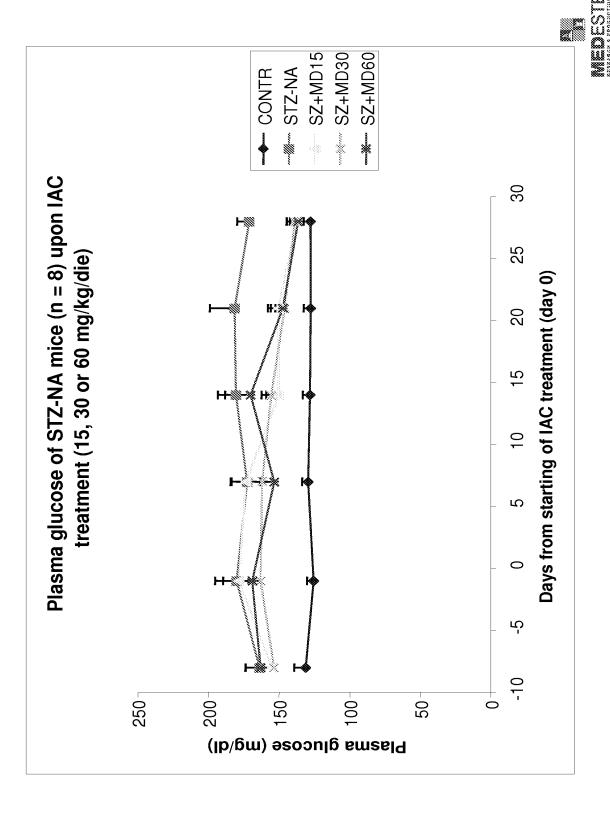


- Niddm mice model
- Diabetes inducted with STZ + NA
- 5 groups (8 mice/group)
- Control
- STZ-NA
- STZ-NA + IAC 15 mg/Kg
- STZ-NA + IAC 30 mg/Kg
- STZ-NA + IAC 60 mg/Kg



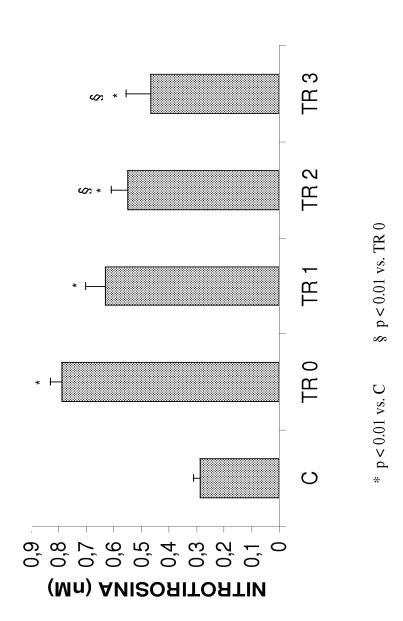


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Plasma Nitrotyrosine contents in STZ-NA treated mice.

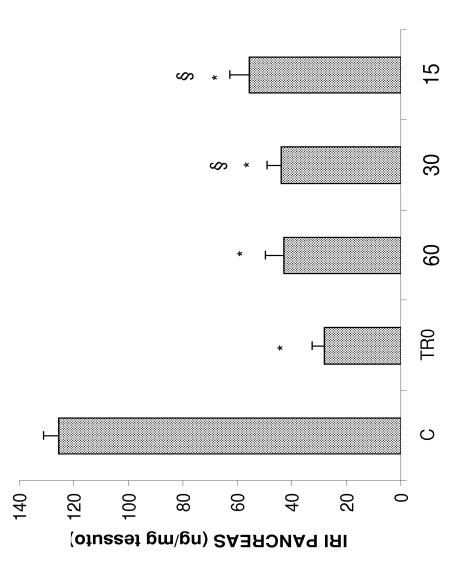


C = control; TR 0 = STZ-NA; TR 1 = STZ-NA + IAC 60 mg/kg; TR 2 = STZ-NA + IAC 30 mg/kg; TR 3 = STZ-NA + IAC 15 mg/kg





Pancreatic insulin contents in STZ-NA treated mice.



 * p < 0.01 vs. C $^{\circ}$ § p < 0.01 vs. TR 0

C = control; TR 0 = STZ-NA; TR 1 = STZ-NA + IAC 60 mg/kg;

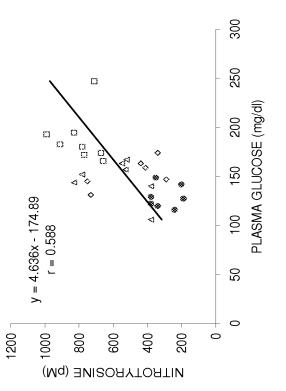
TR 2 = STZ-NA + IAC 30 mg/kg; TR 3 = STZ-NA + IAC 15 mg/kg

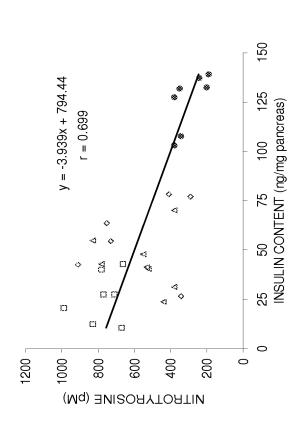




Correlation between glycaemic valles or bancreatic insulin content and plasma nitrotyrosine levels.









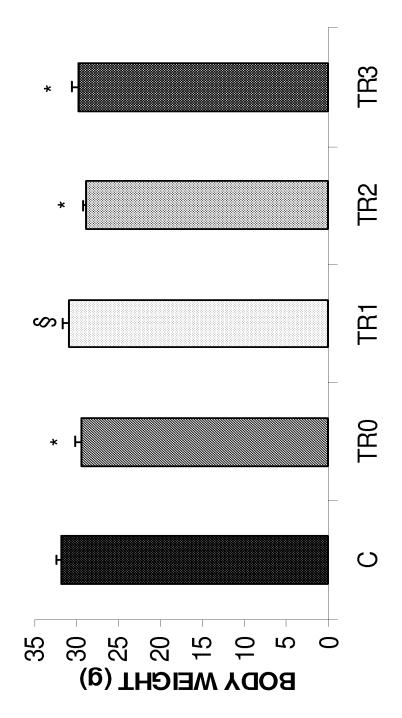
- Niddm mice model
- Diabetes inducted with STZ + NA
- 5 groups (8 mice/group)
- Control
- STZ-NA
- STZ-NA + IAC 7.5 mg/Kg
- STZ-NA + IAC 15 mg/Kg
- STZ-NA + IAC 30 mg/Kg







BODY WEIGHT



* p<0.05 at least vs. CONTR § p<0.05 vs. SZ-MD30

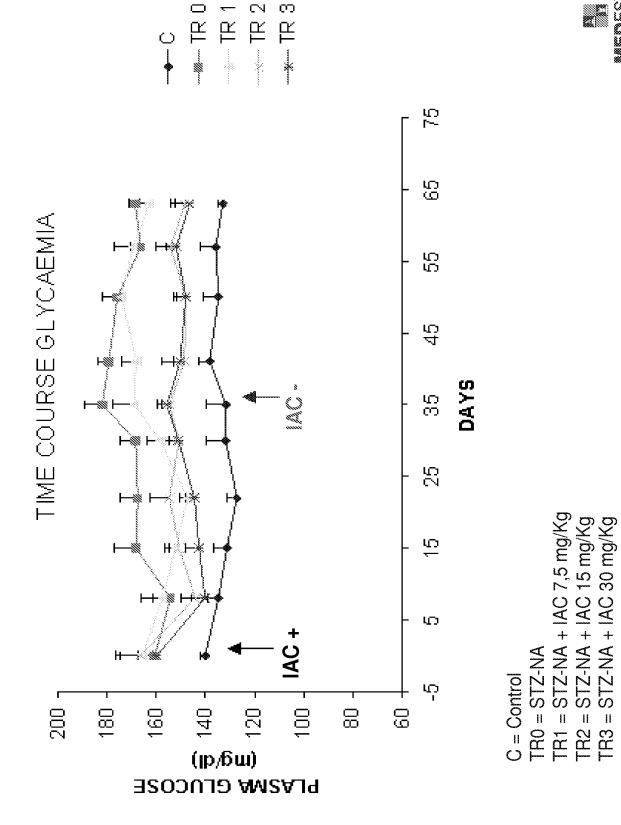
C = Control

TR0 = STZ-NA
TR1 = STZ-NA + IAC 7,5 mg/Kg
TR2 = STZ-NA + IAC 15 mg/Kg
TR3 = STZ-NA + IAC 30 mg/Kg





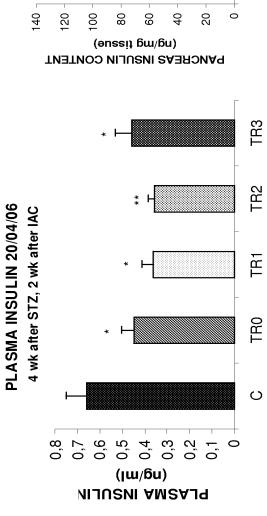
PLASMA GLUCOSE LEVELS

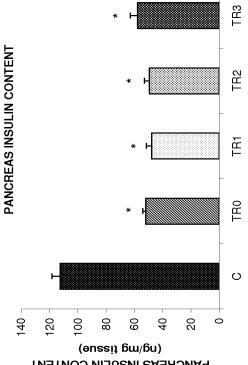














* p<0.05 vs. CONTR

** p<0.01 vs.CONTR

14 wk after STZ, 5-wk IAC, 7 wk no IAC

2,5

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MIJUSMI AMSAJ

FINAL PLASMA INSULIN





TR3

TR2

TR1

TRO

O

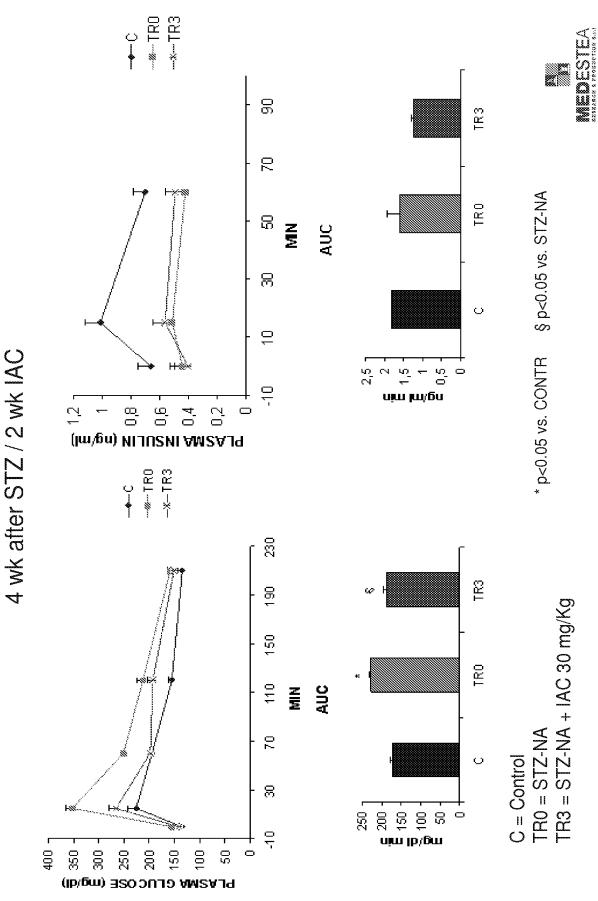
0

0,5



PLASMA GLUCOSE and PLASMA INSULIN LEVELS

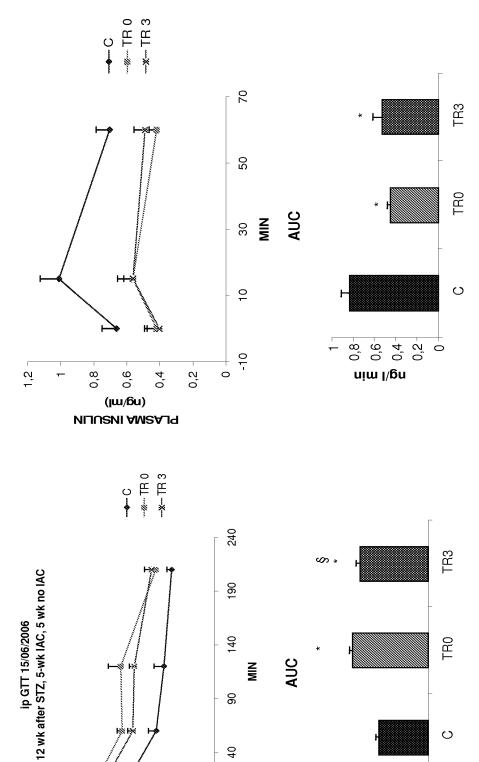
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PLASMA GLUCOSE and PLASMA INSULIN LEVELS





8

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PLASMA GLUCOSE
(mg/dl)g/d

500

TR0 = STZ-NA TR3 = STZ-NA + IAC 30 mg/Kg C = Control

S

mim I\gm 200 200 6

100 Ö

* p<0.05 vs. CONTR

§ p<0.05 vs. STZ-NA





PLASMA GLUCOSE LEVELS after Insulin Tolerance Test

ip INSULIN TOLERANCE TEST (0.75 U/kg b.w.) (22/06/2006) 13 wk after STZ, 5-wk

IAC, 6 wk no IAC

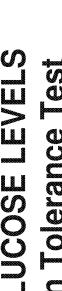
160 140 100

PLASMA GLUCOSE (mg/dl)

120

9 40 20

80





---TR 2 ------TR 0

-*-TR 3





130

110

90

20

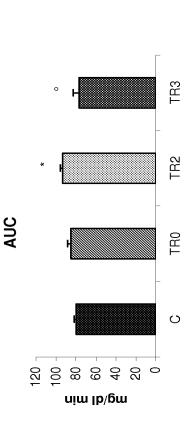
20

30

9

-10

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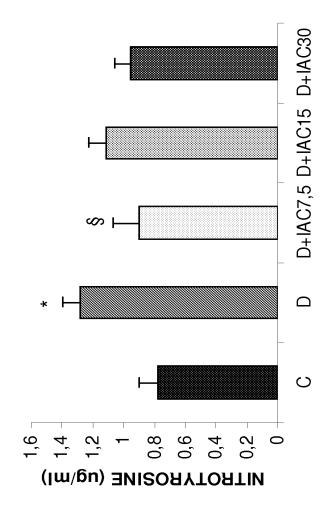






PLASMA NITROTYROSINE LEVEL

PLASMA NITROTYROSINE LEVELS **AFTER SUSPENSION OF IAC**



C = Control

D = STZ-NA D+IAC7,5 = STZ-NA + IAC 7,5 D+IAC15 = STZ-NA + IAC 15 D+IAC30 = STZ-NA + IAC 30

§ p<0.05 vs. STZ-NA

* p<0.05 vs. CONTR





diabetic metabolic alterations, likely by counteracting beta-cell In the STZ-NA diabetic mouse model ACLINA improves dysfunction and loss associated with oxidative stress.

In addition, ACVITA treatment (15 or 30 mg/kg per day IP) induced no apparent toxic effect.



Low-Molecular-Weight Antioxidant Improves Metabolic Alterations in a Nonobese Mouse Diabetes Model Reduction of Oxidative Stress by a New

Michella Novelli, PhD, * Videntina D'Ales, PhD, * Roberto Lugis. PhD, † Moreno Paolini, PhD, ‡ Auronio Soiat, PAD J. Pears Marchatt, MD, PAD J. and Pellagrins Masiello, MO*

men maket disservationed by makeritle hyposphycomic levels. She (Myesthern: We have provincely entitlished a sendress dishdess бале изи ву склитера батап дре 2 факсы. Ле окорок и меж is outsidaed a major mechanism of programise foods durage to fightes, we write in this model the presentes effects of a new lowmolecular-weight anionistani, mandy, besit hydroxy-1,14,6-acm mediyel-8 oppositingstranstrasia dihydoschlorida (DAC)s. Midbubs. Distrans was baland to CSMMS mischy strayaremen (STE) usd microteamide (NA) substantandem. Ten wards base, STENA micro ware analod for 5 weeks with different depos of DAC (15 or 20 mg/kg par day incapodonacilly) wal memberod for sfigure nas, breatments, glacone telespoor, and generotate breatm contrast.

eppoiessiliesmis, gluocos insulesano, granda impaiement, sed mainolly reduced pescendio insules contest (22% of convoles comits and electrosisten of gluones intelectuous, socialistics to higher noideat paparesite tradia content with respect to antresitate distribute animals. Classis naturynada tevds (as index ef exidalise atomb, odvovod 340M in dizketie miet, were significanly raducal ty DAC comment. Significani amedicionis vens franst heisnesa plavass Results: Sugression in A. nion showed motories sygnificante. IAC research STLIKA mice showed clear-out reduction afterparaje; strongenson values and closer than glacion levels or ganacials

adicatabus, LAC, kugamas didonic meabolic dicastoms, biody by connonecting Godl dysfanction and how secocised with oribativa Conductors to the STE-NA disposit masse medal, the new

boy Worden 1992 I diabation, undatable mone, particoldase costracra, admityrustas, populadio insaka contesta, musio

Parchaes 2007;35;440-4473

that the propositive tunine of diskutes is an engiting decline in sevent function without a change in insulin sursitivity. ²³ This relative functional impagement could be due to an mondaine steen is considered to play a major rele not only in the screekrated franctional domine foul also to the progressive less of β cells. At Chidazive steem is also known to be in-Type 2 dishores (T2D) is characterized by insulin secretary dyshinadion wencested with variable degrees of parigin eral bradin restsance.' Omally, the disease arises because of the progressive failure of \$ cells to adequately match insulin societion is the increased wealth demand to insolin-resistant statos. Endecid, prospective studies bave clearly demonstrated thinse secretary defect of the \$ calls or to reduced \$-cell mass, ar both. Amang the various mechanisms that have been rakred in the pultogenesis of distertic vascelar complesaproposed to be responsible for the B-cell decompanisation, tinte, both micronscalar and macronascalan."

Actually, in 12B, increased planes glucose levels, efter denstand superentitle production, with consequent increased expanses of cells to reachive oxygen species (ROS). "Asiah -colds day to generated by the supposeringetic plycosylation seaction," and the benessation peliticist," sescrated with hyperlipseidenia, result in estauced wits-

esoticital and parcurain Bodis, arting by various mark-mores such as activation of polytoRestrone) synderium and tipid persondation. Acordones, the expansed 1908 production can induce industible static oxide (PO)) scribuse expression and thus PO scribosis. *The strontismous overgeneration of 140 and superoxide layous the production of the cyclopic perceptation asket, which coldines additivated and intravies armino acids and as spressino, pusably bouling to major pathological connectionness. If these 1908-induced cytohexis offects might stabethe for ongoing wherehom in B-cell number associated with the progression of $12D^{26/2}$ expression of ROS-detrollying encymes in these cells is redicibility for in companions with other cell types. Respirive on years sources are generally considered to be drongly implicated in damage of various cell types, including anismo abbleto compenent insulta resistanza in both early and tate planes of the disease." H should also be considered that \$ calls are particularly sensitive in ROS excess because the graga ta protetta, terbates at aggravates ligal permebatien. and the consequent fediens of haudharal compensation made

Therefore, to prevent or at least reduce (\$-cell frautional unsurunn and death tu (2D), a appears worthwhite to march for antencions ageur capable of effectively inhibiting BCB action and himiting the cytotends chemic exidative stress

Reseived for publication Feirenzy III, 1849; excepted tale 14, 1840.
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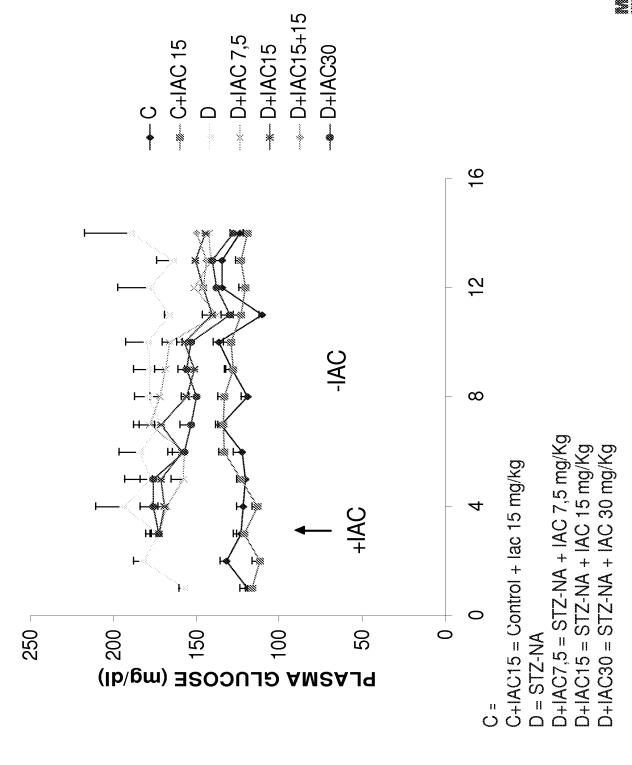


- Niddm mice model
- Diabetes inducted with STZ + NA
- 5 groups (8 mice/group)
- Control
- STZ-NA
- STZ-NA + IAC 7.5 mg/Kg
 STZ-NA + IAC 15 mg/Kg
- STZ-NA + IAC 30 mg/Kg





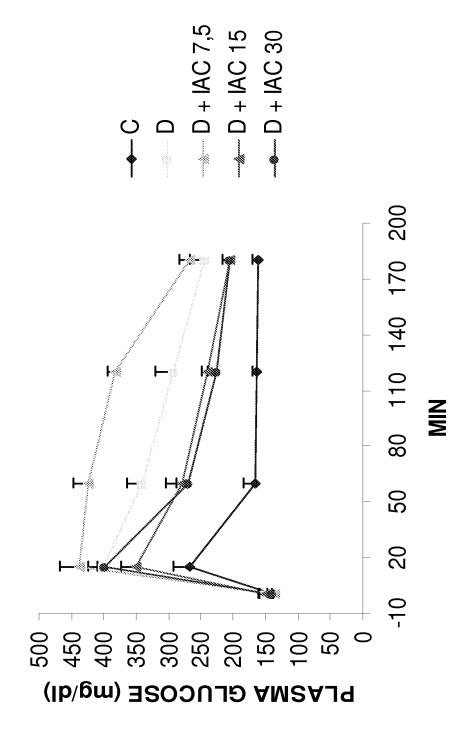
PLASMA GLUCOSE LEVELS







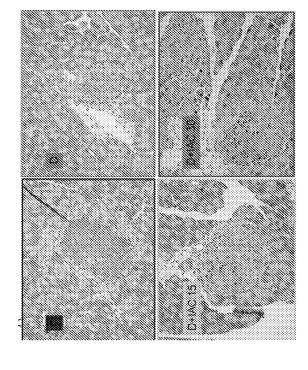
PLASMA GLUCOSE LEVELS



C = Control D = STZ-NA D+IAC7,5 = STZ-NA + IAC 7,5 mg/Kg D+IAC15 = STZ-NA + IAC 15 mg/Kg D+IAC30 = STZ-NA + IAC 30 mg/Kg



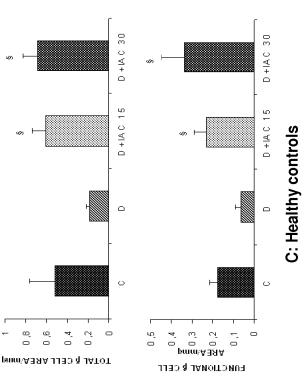
features of Pancreatic islets: and immunohistochemical **Evaluation of Histological**



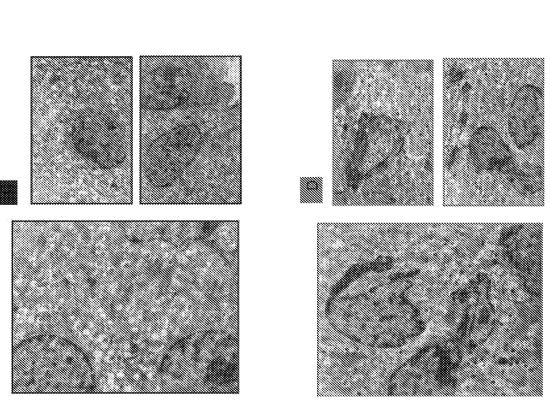
D+IAC30

D+IAC 15

ISLET NUMBER/mmq



D: Untreated STZ-NA diabetic mice



progress to clarify the underlying mechanisms of new antioxidan compaund lacvita was able not only to counteract B-cells dysfunction and loss reconstitute B-cells population. Studies are in In the STZ-NA murine model of diabetes, the associated with oxidative stress but also to such findings.

Showed a strong level of activity on Langherans islets from either animal and human

- In human Langherans islets, "poisoned" with concentrated glucose and FFA, MC could restore in vitro their correct sensitivity to glucose and their ability to produce a rate of insulin close to normality;
- diabetes patients, MC was able to "reset" their activity from the actual 🔝 In the case of human biopsies of Langherans islets from dead type II 30% up to 70% of the normal rate;
- ③ In animal type II Diabetes model (treatment with STZ-NA), 例 was treatment. The effect lasted for the 5 following weeks of follow up able to reduce the glicemia close to the normality in 5 weeks of without treatment.

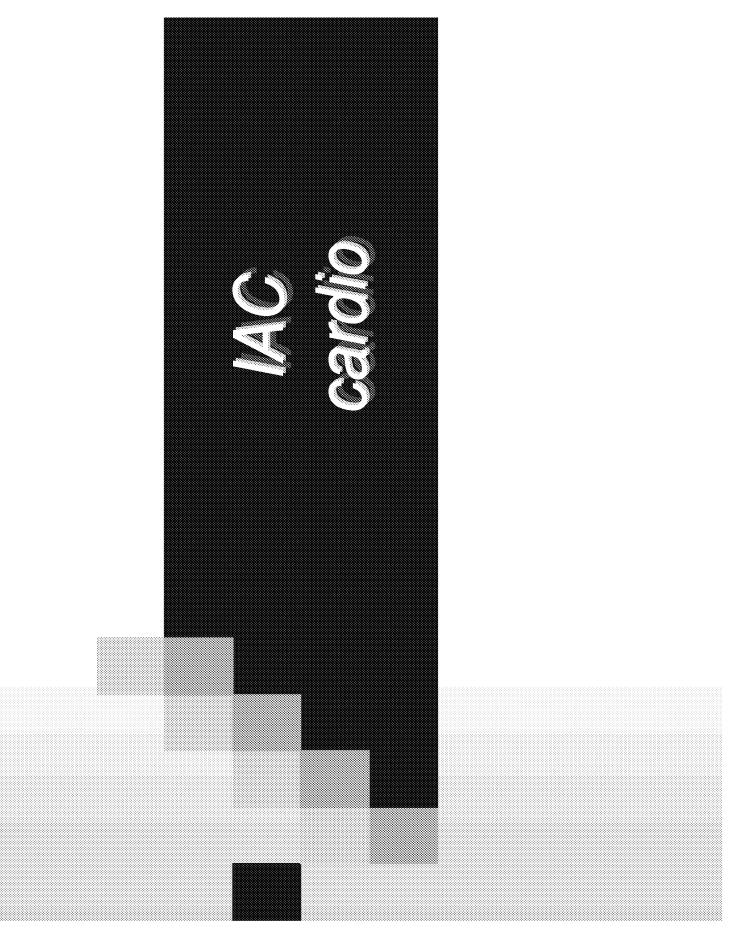




- In human Langherans islets, "poisoned" with concentrated glucose and FFA, MOVIIA could restore in vitro their correct sensitivity to glucose and their ability to produce a rate of insulin close to normality;
- diabetes patients, ACVITA was able to "reset" their activity from the 🖉 In the case of human biopsies of Langherans islets from dead type II actual 30% up to 70% of the normal rate;
- treatment. The effect lasted for the 5 following weeks of follow up was able to reduce the glicemia close to the normality in 5 weeks of 3) In animal type II Diabetes model (treatment with STZ-NA), MCVITA without treatment.



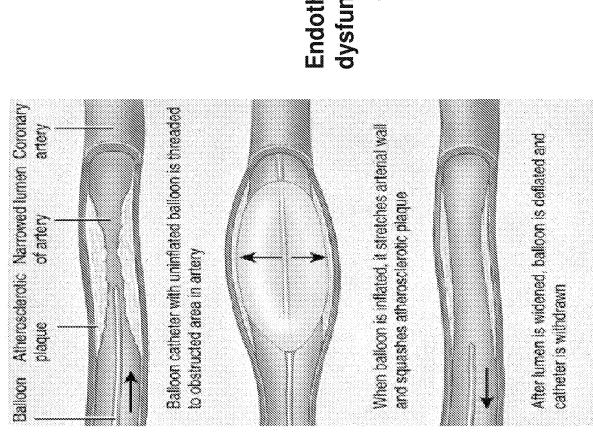
- GF Pedulli, M. Paolini, A. Soleti, M. Galli, V. D'Aleo, F. Filipponi, F. Mosca, U. Boggi, S. R. Mancarella, R. Lupi, S. Del Guerra, M. Novelli, M. Bugliani, S. Torri, L. Valgimigli, Del Prato, P. Masiello, P. Marchetti "THE EFFECT OF THE ANTIOXIDANI MOLECULE MONTHE OXIDATIVE STRESS OF CULTURED FUND SERIES:
- R. Lupi, R. Mancarella, S. Del Guerra, M. Masini, A. Soleti, M. Paolini, M. Martano, M. Bugliani, S. Torri, M. Galli, V. D'Aleo, M. Del Chiaro, S. Del Prato, U. Boggi, F. Filipponi, MOLECULAR VEIGHT RADICAL SCAVENGER WOW WOOD OUT TURED Piero Marchetti "**Beneficial Effect of the Non-Peptidy". Low**
- · S. Del Guerra, R. Lupi, A. Soleti, F. Riccardino, M. Paolini, R. Mancarella, M. Bugliani, OXIDATIVE STRESS: EVIDENCE OF THE PROTECTIVE ROLE OF A NON-S. Torri, M. Galli, V. D'Aleo, U. Boggi, F. Filipponi, S. Del Prato, F. Mosca, P. Marchetti "LIPOTOXICITY IN HUMAN PANCREATIC ISLETS IS MEDIATED BY PEPTIDYL LOW MOLECULAR WEIGHT RADICAL SCAVENGER

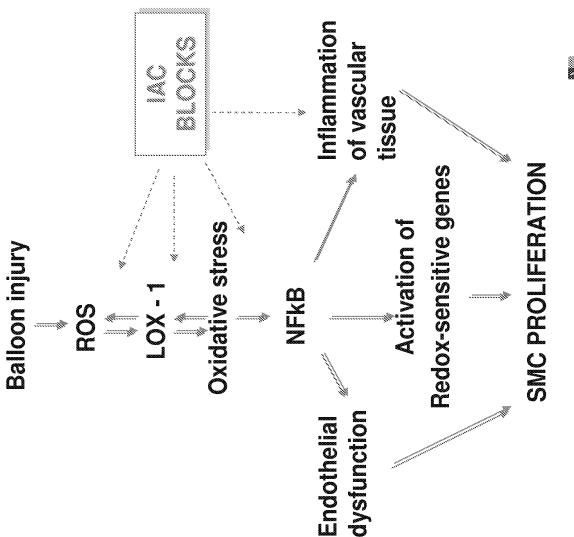




University of Catanzaro "Magna Graecia" Faculty of Pharmacy

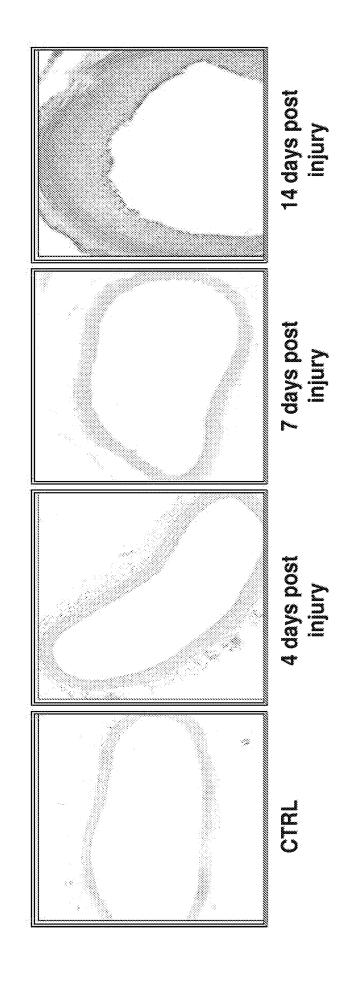








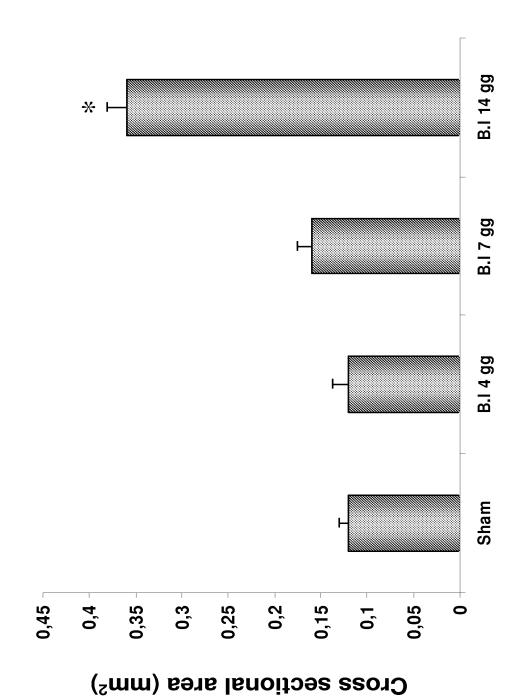
Proliferation of sub-endothelial vascular smooth muscle cells (SMCs) after balloon injury.







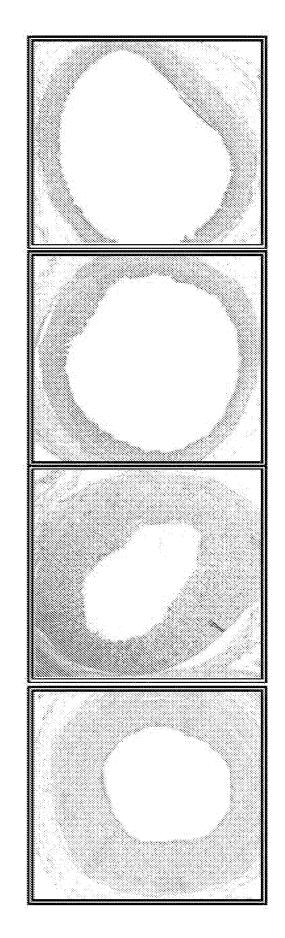
Proliferation of sub-endothelial vascular smooth muscle cells (SMCs) after balloon injury.







Daily in treatment of rats with significantly antagonizes dose dependently ballon-induced



miury 14 gg

Injury 14 gg + IAC 10 mg/kg

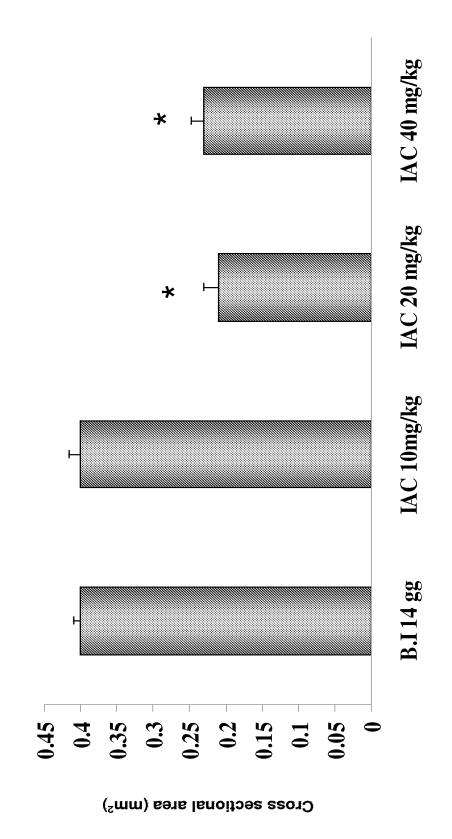
Injury 14 gg + IAC 20 mg/kg

Injury 14 gg + IAC 40mg/Kg





Daily i.p. treatment of rats with 🛝 significantly antagonizes dose dependently ballon-induced recointima formation.



* P < 0.001 when compared vs injury





- In rats undergoing balloon injury of left carotid artery, a significant vascular SMCs proliferation occurred when compared to sham operated animals.
- 2) Early phases of neointima formation were characterized by intense production of reactive oxygen species.
- scavanger known today (500 times stronger than DMPO), significantly sectional area of injured carotid artery and intima/media ratio were 3) Treatment of rats with 100, i.p., the most powerful safe free radical antagonizes balloon-injury neointima formation. Indeed, both cross reduced dose-dependently by daily administration of MC.

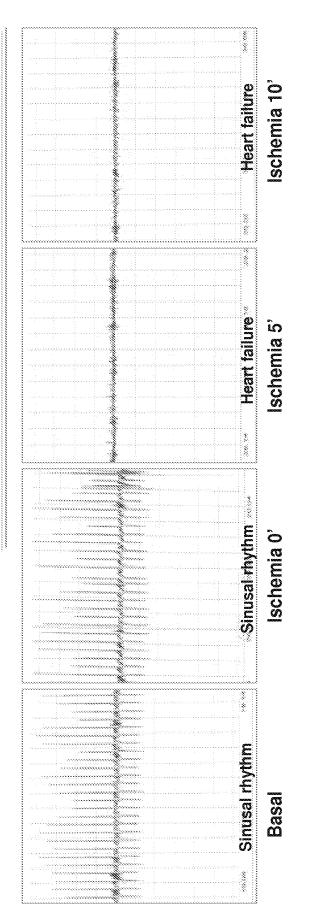


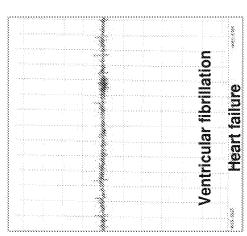








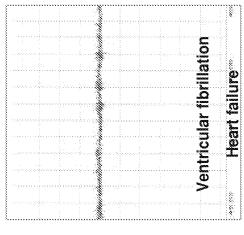






Ventricular tachycardia

Riperfusion 0,

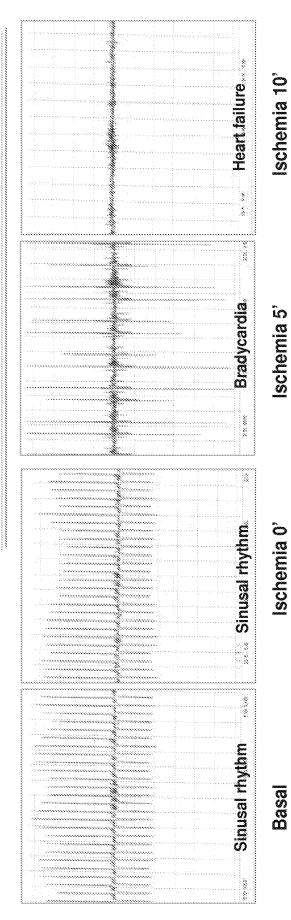


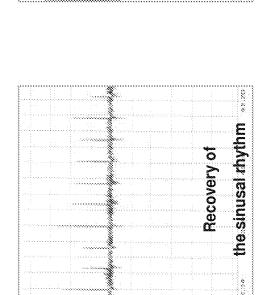
Riperfusion 10'

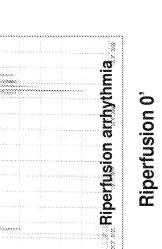












Riperfusion 5'

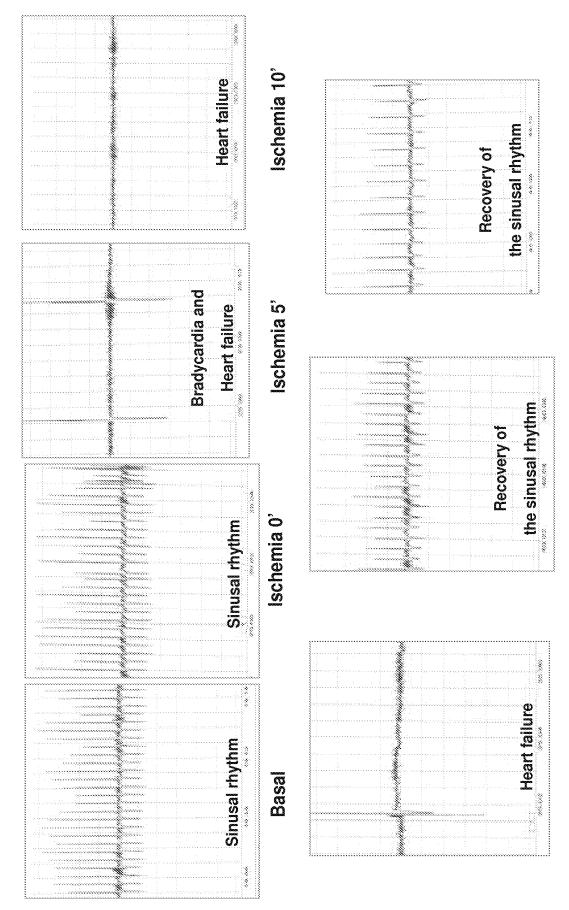


Riperfusion









Riperfusion 0

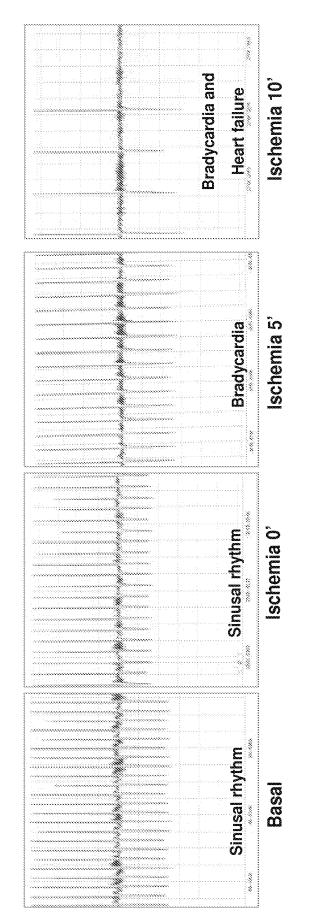
Riperfusion 57

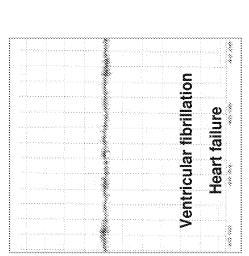
Riperfusion 10'







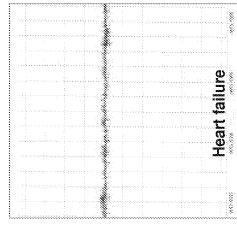






Riperfusion arrhythmia

Riperfusion 0'



Riperfusion 10'

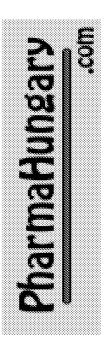






Ischemia 15 min	Duration of post ischemic heart failure(min)	BEV first 3 min	Ventricular	Duration of heart failure
CTRL	4,41 + 0,3	78 + 6	100%	2
IAC 10	3,88 + 0,6	62 + 5	0	ı
IAC 50	4,98 + 0,5	32 + 6	0	1
IAC 100	8,17 + 0,3	55 + 3	25%	IAC 100 8,17 + 0,3 55 + 3 25% 8





PHARMAHUNGARYTM

drug candidates focusing on cardiovascular A leader in the non-dinical screening of diseases.



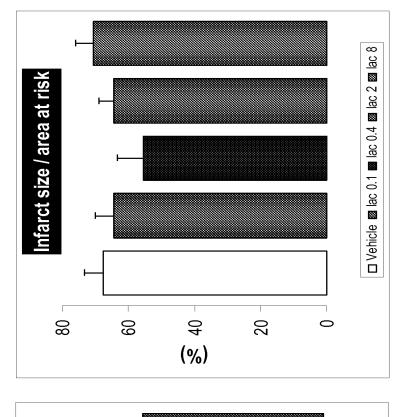
- Male Wistar rats (total N=60)
- 30 min regional ischemia (occlusion of the coronary artery)
- 120 min reperfusion
- 5 groups i.v. immediatly before and 60 min after reperfusion:
- Veichle
- □ IAC: 0.1, 0.4, 2 and 8 mg/kg
- Evaluation of:
- Infarct size (TTC/Evans blue method)
- CK, LDH, SOD and MDA
- □ ECG, blood pressure and temperature
- Incidence of ventricular fibrillation during reperfusion
- Norta it



Area at risk

09

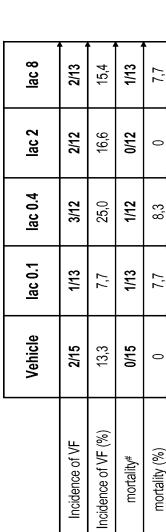
4



20

(%)

0



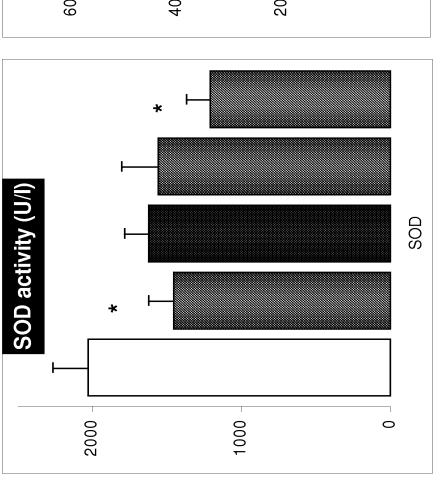
□ Vehicle ■ lac 0.1 ■ lac 0.4 ■ lac 2 ■ lac 8 |

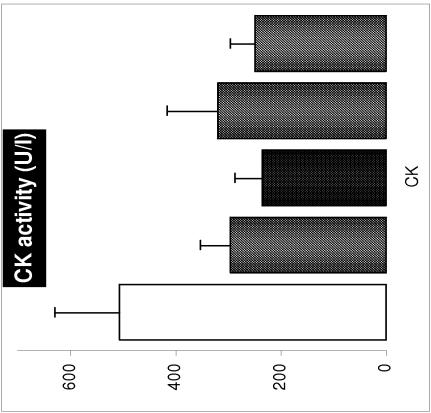


mortality (%)

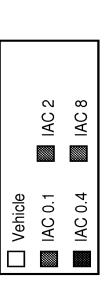
mortality#











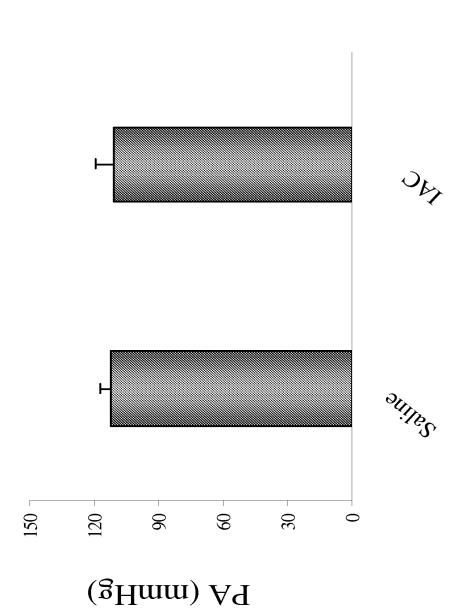








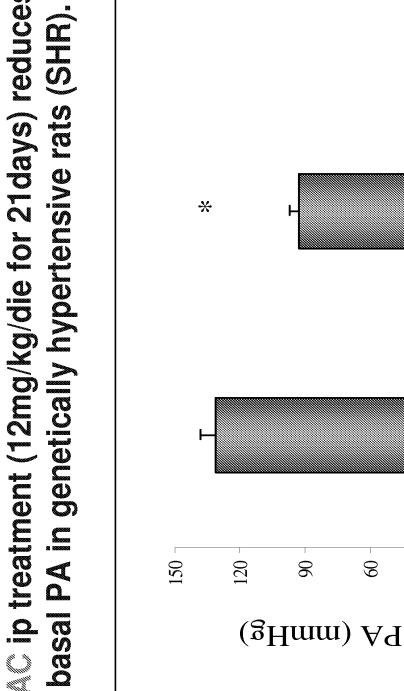
doesn't change the PA value in Wistar normotensive rats. The ip administration of Mark (12mg/kg/die for 21days)







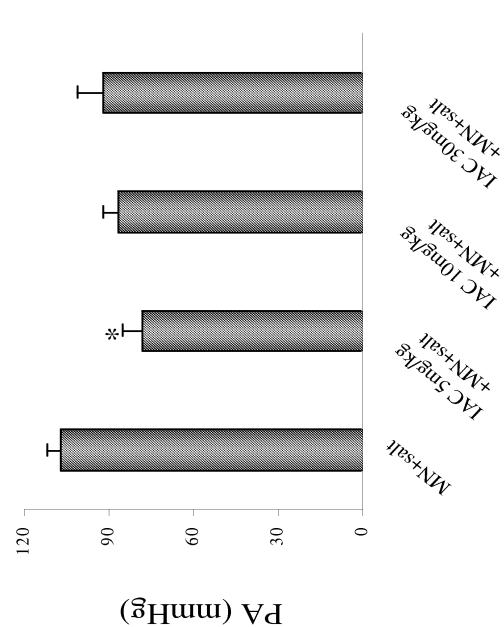
ip treatment (12mg/kg/die for 21days) reduces







activity on the variation of PA in mononefrectomize. Tats with a diet rich in salt.

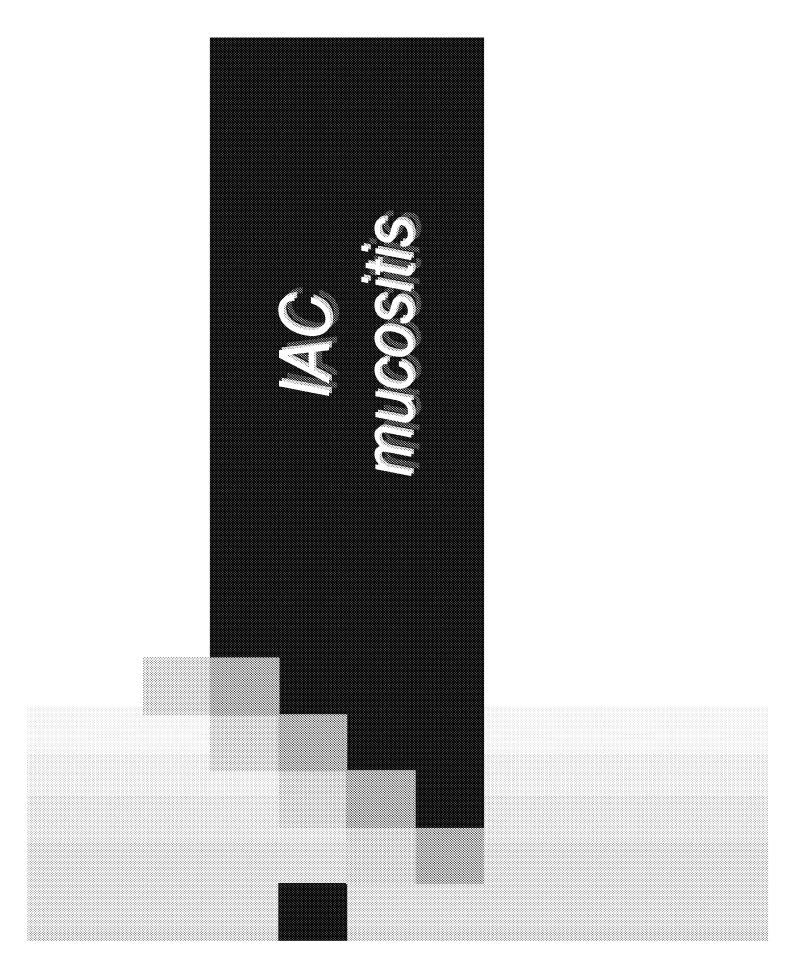


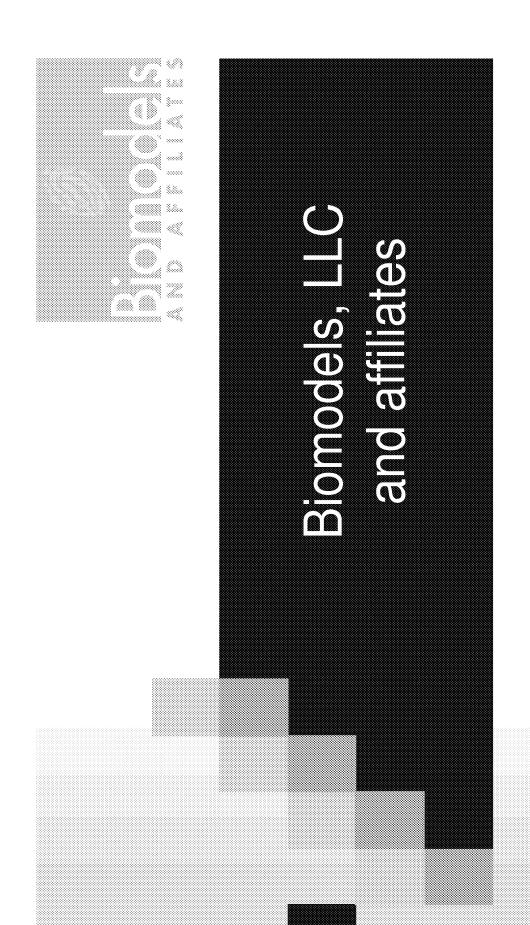




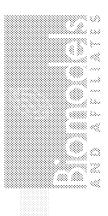
- has been observed in different animal models of hypertension An exaggerated production of superoxide by the vascular wall including spontaneously hypertensive rats.
- Between the VII and the XII weeks of life Spontaneously of borderline Hypertensive Rats move from a condition hypertension to stable hypertension.
- Iteatment restores SHR blood pressure to normal value while it doesn't exert any hypotensive effect in Whistar normal rats indicating that AC acts as an anti-hypertensive and not as a hypotensive drug.
- treatment of mononefrectomized animals with a salt rich diet restores the blood pressure to normal level indicating that it is active also in the situation of hydrosaline retention.











In vivo Oral Mucositis Induced by Acute Radiation (40 Gy) in Hamsters

- •64 male Syrian Golden Hamster/LVG
- *i.p. daily administration: from day -1 up to day 15 (see treatment scheme)
- lacvita doses: 3 mg/kg and 30 mg/kg
- •Mucositis scoring: validated photographic scale, ranging from 0 for normal, to 5 for severe ulceration (see score table)
- •Mucositis evaluation: starting from day 6 and continuing every second day thereafter (days 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, & 28)
- Daily body weight and survival

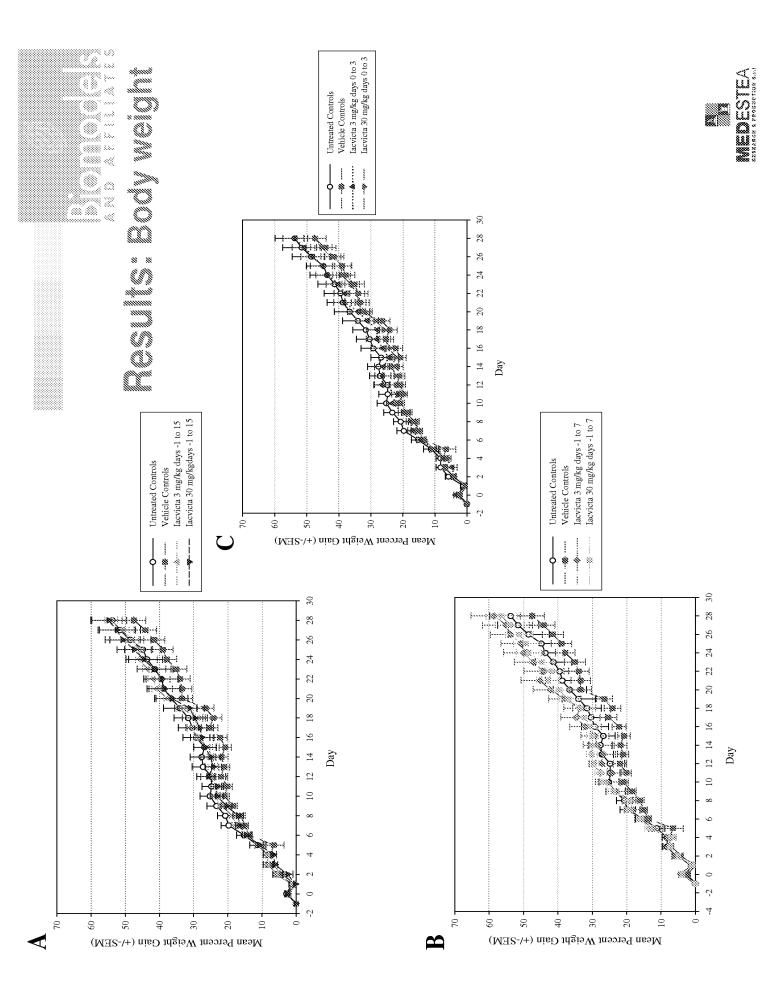




300	C E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E	io io io io io io io io io io io io io i	Poute of Administration	Duration of Dosing
Anom	8/male	Untreated	N	A
2	8/male	Vehicle	<u>_</u>	Days -1 to 15
೮	8/male	Test Article 3 mg/kg	4	Days -1 to 15
4	8/male	Test Article 30 mg/kg	<u>a</u>	Days -1 to 15
വ	8/male	Test Article 3 mg/kg	<u>a</u>	Days -1 to 7
9	8/male	Test Article 30 mg/kg	4	Days -1 to 7
7	8/male	Test Article 3 mg/kg	<u>a</u>	Days 0 to 3
ω	8/male	Test Article 30 mg/kg	<u>_</u>	Days 0 to 3



:aloos	Description:
0	Pouch completely healthy. No erythema or vasodilation.
-\$mm	Light to severe erythema and vasodilation. No erosion of mucosa.
7	Severe erythema and vasodilation. Erosion of superficial aspects
	of mucosa leaving denuded areas. Decreased stippling of mucosa.
က	Formation of off-white ulcers in one or more places. Ulcers may
	have a yellow/gray due to pseudomembrane. Cumulative size
	of ulcers should equal about 1/4 of the pouch. Severe erythema
	and vasodilation.
ħ	Cumulative seize of ulcers should equal about 1/2 of the pouch.
	Loss of pliability. Severe erythema and vasodilation.
ഹ	Virtually all of pouch is ulcerated. Loss of pliability (pouch can
	only partially be extracted from mouth)



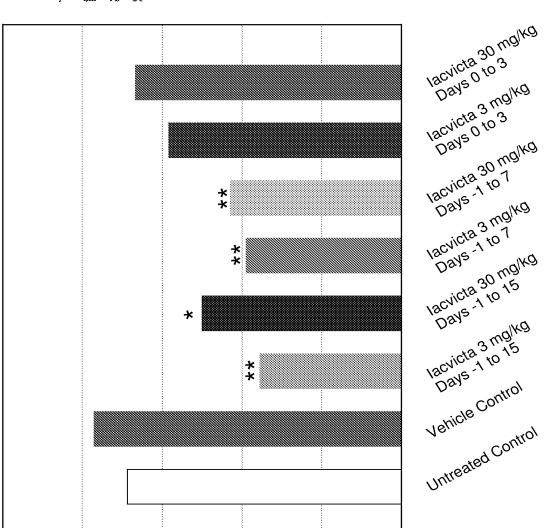


50

The results are expressed as the percentage of days in which an animal exhibited an elevated score (greater than 3).

A single asterisk denotes statistically significant differences when compared to the vehicle. Dual asterisks denote statistically significant differences when compared to the both the untreated and vehicle controls groups.

groups: p< 0,05 with Chi-squared tests.



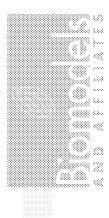
30.

20

Percent Animal Days with a Score of 3 or Higher

10

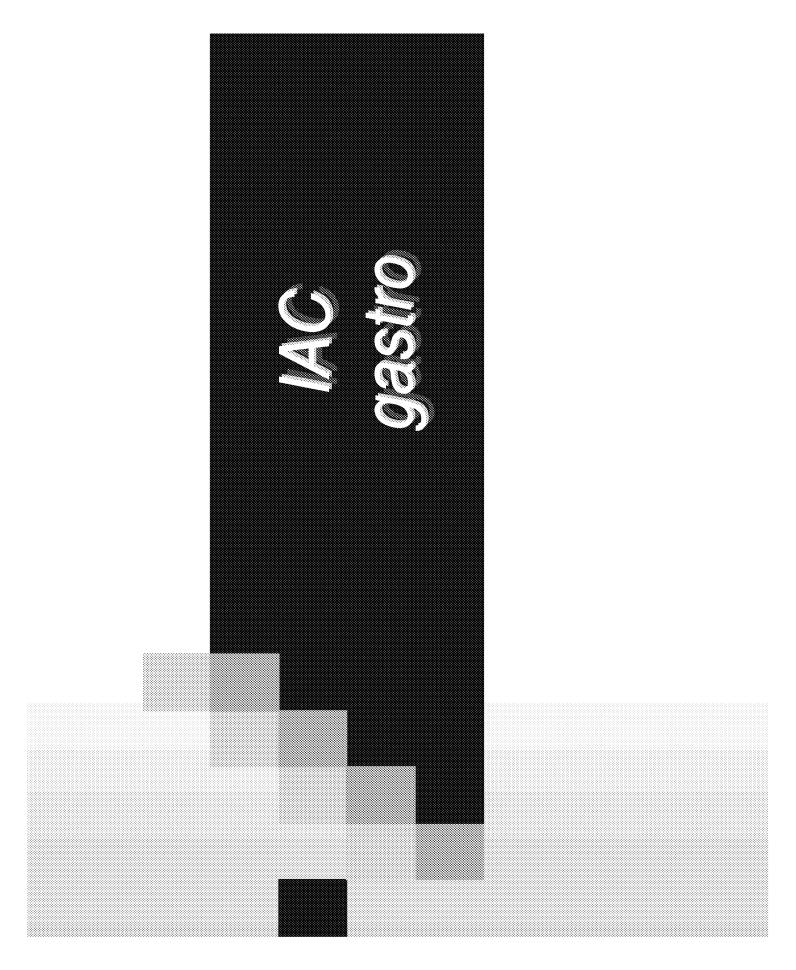




reduced when compared both to the vehicle and the untreated *In the case lacvita was administered i.p. daily at the doses irradiation (day -1), the mucositis score was statistically of 3 and 30 mg/kg before the induction of mucositis by

*lacvita treatment does not affect the body weight.







EUROFINS – Product Safety Laboratories





In vivo sepsis model in rat: cecal ligation and puncture model (CLP)

•60 Sprauge-Dawley rats

i.v. administration: day 0 post surgery, day 1, day 2 in tail vein

4 groups: vehicle, 0.2 mg/Kg, 1 mg/Kg, 5 mg/Kg

Cytokines dosage: IL6, IL10, IL1beta

Pre-CLP, 2h post-CLP, 5h post-CLP, 10h post-CLP, 24h post-CLP

Biochemistry dosage: LDH, AST, ALT, blood creatinine, urea nitrogen, albumin, K+, Ca2+, Na+, CH

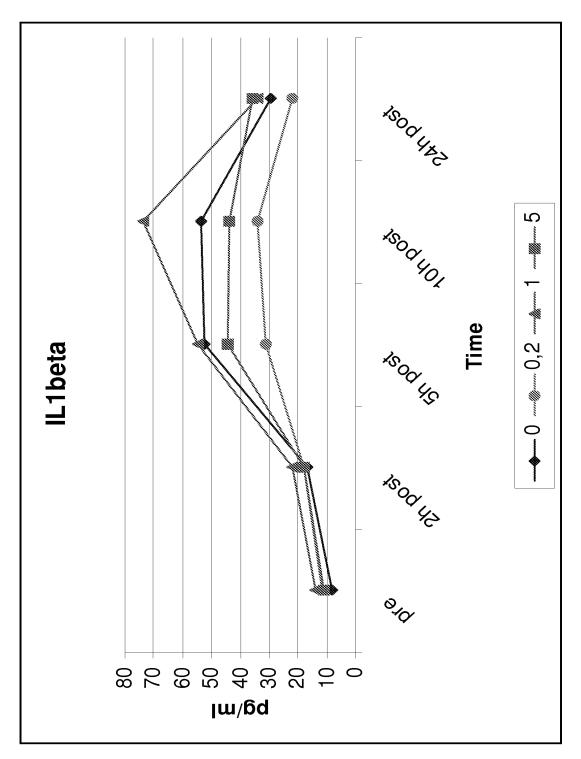
*48h post-CLP

*Body weight

Daily morbidity and mortality

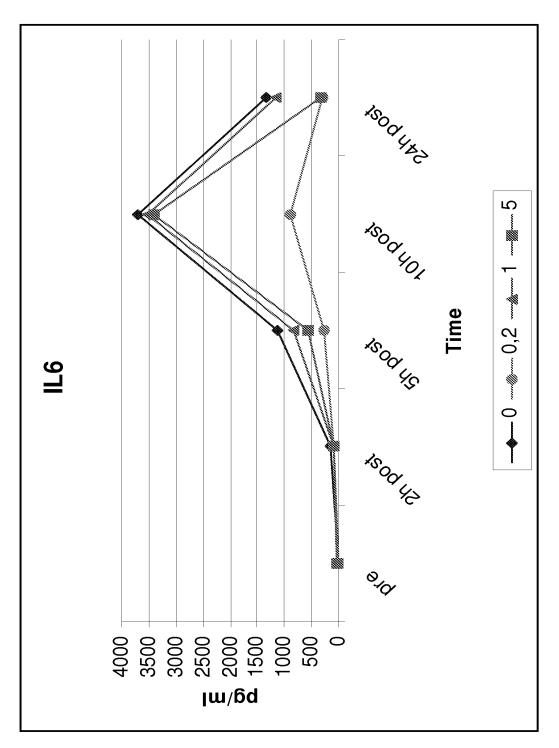






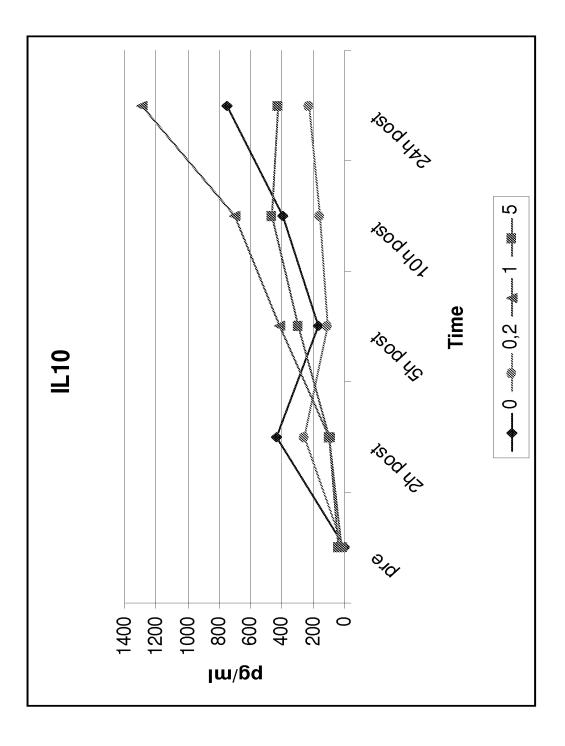




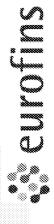












IAC mg/Kg	ALT	AST	HO	Albumin	BUN	Creatinine	Ca2+	5	K+	Na+
0	217.8	511.6	483.3	2.3	63.8	0.8	6.7	94.3 5.2	5.2	133.8
0.2	130.7	289.3	399.8	2.4	37.7	0.4	10.0	92.2	5.8	132.4
Amm	225.2	434.8	480.3	2.2	36.3	0,4	9.5	96.5	2.8	136.0
2	246.2	653.4	648.0	2.2	95.6	0.9	9.8	88.8	6.1	88.8 6.1 131.2





	a to the second	post i.v.	100 cm	\$ \$.v.i †sod	}		
	2 2	pre bleed		<u> </u>	pre bleed			
<u>¥</u>	o.n. D0	AM D1	PM D1	o.n. D1	AM D2	PM D2	o.n. D2	200 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
mg/kg	<24h	24-28h	498-87	36-48h	48-52h	409-ZS	60-72h	2 2 2
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	~ ろ ぬ	AC and vehicle	3 administrations	<u>\$</u>				





- administration in the lowest treatment group. IAC significantly reduces mortality after one
- IAC shows a trend in reducing the cytokines IL6, IL1b <u>0</u>000
- IAC also may be induced a decrease in blood alanine aminotransferase (ALT) and aspartate aminotransferase (AST) activities.

